

# THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

VOL. XXIV

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY MARCH 2, 1911.

NO. 26

## IMPORTANT DECISION RENDERED

Vast Amount of Submerged Land in Lake County is Affected

### FORMER DECISION REVERSED

Test Case for Trespass Ends in Victory for the Plaintiffs who are Highly Elated Over the Outcome

A victory for the owners of property abutting on the 50 small lakes in Lake county who have been contending for title to the submerged lands within their property lines was reported won in the Supreme Court Saturday.

The state tribunal reversed a decision of the circuit court which sustained a demur to the action intended to prove title, but telegraphic dispatches did not state whether it remanded the case to Lake county it indicated its position on the issue raised.

The case was that of William Wilton vs. Rudolph Van Hassen and was made a test case by Wilton, Frank T. Fowler and other owners of property on Fourth Lake. A charge of trespass was brought against Van Hassen because he rowed a boat over the submerged lands claimed by Wilton. In a justice court the defendant won and Wilton took the case to the circuit court.

In circuit court Wilton lost and he then re-started the case in the circuit court, lost again and then appealed to the supreme court.

According to land owners about the lakes of the county, it is the most important decision affecting Lake county rendered in a long time. One man says it will affect a million dollars' worth of property in Lake county alone.

It is said that all lakes but two, Fox and Grass, in Lake county, will be affected by the decision. In other words, all lands about all lakes but these two, was sold under the Riparian rights act and the decision of the high court means that the court holds that owners of such submerged land have absolute ownership to the water over the submerged lands which their titles show they own.

For example, it is said that, by the decision, Frank T. Fowler, who owns 700 acres of land on Fourth Lake, will have absolute ownership of some 80 acres of water on one side of the lake abutting his farm. He and others will be able to say who can row on that water, who can fish there, who can bathe, etc.

In view of the many hotels built on the various lakes of the county, it is important to speculate as to what the effect will be.

In looking at the matter from a close standpoint, it is seen that it is possible for patrons of many hotels to be arrested for trespassing on other person's property in case they happen to row onto water which covers submerged land owned by somebody other than the hotel man they are paying board to. A hotel man may own an acre into the lake but the fellow next door has absolute ownership and control of the water on his (the neighbor's) water land.

It is said that the Knickerbocker Ice Co., which owns many ice houses on the various lakes of the county, anticipating the decision of the high court, took many options on land surrounding the lakes near their property in order to get ownership if necessary to the water from which they will have to cut ice. They did this in order to forestall any possible step to prevent them cutting ice from a stretch of water which some other person may own and thus face a charge of trespass similar to that in which Van Hassen was found guilty.

Mr. Fowler was much elated when he heard of the decision. He stated that the price of his big farm at Fourth Lake had risen \$25,000 since he heard the decision. He said the decision was one of the important that could be given in the matter of title to Lake county property near the lakes and he felt people generally would not grasp the real importance of the ruling.

Cooke, Pope & Pope were the attorneys in the case but it is said Mr. Fowler was the man who insisted on carrying the case up for a decision and that he furnished most of the money necessary for obtaining this ruling.

### CONTRACTS ARE LET

For the New Condensery to be Built at Grayslake—Will Cost About \$40,000

Bids for furnishing the material and part of the labor for the new condensery the Wisconsin Condensed Milk Co. will build at Grayslake, Ill., were opened at the company's office in Burlington, Monday and the various contracts let. Messrs. Guibert and Funsen, the Racine architects who drew up the plans, were present and the numerous details were arranged for.

Albert Ebert, of East Troy, will do mason work, his bid of \$2,700 for the necessary labor, being the lowest. The Modern Steel Construction Co. of Waukesha, will furnish the necessary steel and iron work; Roberts & Co., of Racine, the Bedford stone sills; Wilbur Lumber Co., Grayslake, part of the necessary lumber. The largest contracts were let to the Illinois Brick Co., of Chicago, for 500,000 brick and the Chicago Cement Co., of Chicago, for 2,200 barrels of A. A. cement. The cement work and carpentry will be done by the company's force of carpenters and masons.

The main factory building will be 214 feet long and 88 feet wide. It will be built mainly of concrete, and as this is to be done by the milk company's masons, no bid was received but estimates place it in the neighborhood of \$15,000. The factory when completed, without any of the necessary machinery, will cost close to \$40,000.

The Soo line has built its sidetrack to the land the company owns at Grayslake and building operations will be started at once.

### VILLAGE ELECTION HELD UNDER PRIMARY LAW

The old time caucus is now a thing of the past and the coming village election to be held this spring will be governed by the direct primary election law. And in accordance with this law Village Clerk Hughes on Monday posted notices of the first village primary under the new law which will be held on Tuesday March 14.

Monday was the last day for the filing of the nomination papers and as the matter of voting for the village officers under the primary law had been somewhat overlooked and no move had been made toward putting up a ticket until Monday morning there was considerable hustling among the various candidates.

Only one ticket was filed and it was as follows: For President—Chase Webb; For Trustees, full term—N. S. Pullen, George Brown and W. H. Osmond; to fill vacancy, L. H. Feltier; For Treasurer—W. F. Ziegler; For Police Magistrate, B. H. Overton.

Although this was the only ticket filed it is not probable that it will be without opposition and one or more are expected to enter the field by petition.

#### People's Town Caucus

A caucus of the legal voters of the town of Antioch will be held on Saturday, March 18, A. D. 1911, at the village hall in the village of Antioch between the hours of 1 p. m. and 5 p. m. for the purpose of nominating one candidate for each of the following offices: one Supervisor, one Commissioner of Highways, two Constables and three Committeemen, who shall constitute the Town Committee for the ensuing year.

All voting in said Caucus, shall go by ballot containing the names of all candidates and the manner of conducting the Caucus and all voting therein, shall be as near as may be in accordance with the Australian system of voting. The undersigned chairman and Secretary shall act as Chairman and Secretary of said Caucus, and shall certify the names of the successful candidates as required by law. No ballot shall be counted unless it shall be endorsed thereon, the initials of one of the judges hereinafter named. Each person desiring to become candidate in said Caucus shall give his name to one of the undersigned Town Committee on or before Thursday, March 16, 1911, and then pay his share of the expense of said Caucus.

#### Town Committee,

W. H. Tiffany, Chairman,  
Henry Grimm, Secretary,  
John A. Thain.

Dated, Antioch, March 1, 1911.

**Take a Firm Stand in What is Right.**  
Let a man take a firm stand when he knows that he is right, and stay with it—through thick and thin, and the world must come around to his way of thinking, as it had to in the case of Christopher Columbus, Galileo, and a million and one other. And the only reason the world will not come round to his way of thinking is because he is always making concessions and shifting as though he had taken his stand on quicksand.

## WARRENTON GIRL IS VICTIM OF BASE DECEIVER

Wooed and Won Only Few Months Since is Now Deserted by Handsome Lover

### GIRL SUPPOSING HIM FREE ELOPES IN THE NIGHT

Tragic Story of Love of Prominent Girl and Operator Discovered to Have Wife Up in Wisconsin Revealed With Operator's Arrest

Monday afternoon, on a charge of abduction, Ray Kranz, who is said to have abducted Miss Amy Flood of Warrenton, was before Justice James G. Welch of Waukegan and bound over to the grand jury in the sum of \$500. He waived examination and asked the court to appoint an attorney for him which cannot be done until he faces trial in the circuit court. He plead that he was without funds.

Ray Kranz, two years ago a telegraph operator on the railroad at Warrenton, is a prisoner in the Lake county jail, and back of his troubles is the story of a romantic love making, an elopement with an innocent and deceived girl, and the final denunciation when Kranz was discovered to have a wife up in Milwaukee.

The girl in the case is Amy Flood, the pretty daughter of Harry Flood, a well to do and prominent farmer and dairyman of Warrenton, who enjoys the respect of the entire county.

"I love her."

This is Kranz's sole excuse.

Details of the affair read like a story book, with their flashes of romance, disappointment, passion and pain, and then the final dramatic awakening and the arrest of Kranz.

Two years ago, while a railroad operator at Warrenton, where the Floods reside, Kranz met pretty Amy Flood. It seems to have been a case of love at first sight.

Kranz is a handsome chap, well set up, a ready talker and an impassioned pleader. He threw the natural fervor of his impassioned Kentucky blood into his wooing of the Lake county girl and completely won her confidence.

Finally, telling the girl that he had been married, but had secured a divorce he pleaded with her to elope with him and become his wife.

She could not bring herself to do this, and just at this time Kranz was transferred to another operator's post and had to leave.

One time he sent money in a letter to the girl, pleading that she come to him alone, when he would marry her, it is said.

This was the time that he was stationed in Texas as a telegraph operator.

The climax came Christmas eve last. Kranz wrote a note to the girl, sending it through a chum of hers, asking that Miss Flood meet him but once again, that he might say farewell to her and pass out of her life forever.

The girl threw her lace fascinator over her head and went to Warrenton station.

There, in the dusk, it is claimed, she found Kranz waiting for her with a horse and buggy. She got into the buggy and Kranz began to plead with her to become his wife, to run away with him.

He seems to have mastered the girl's scruples.

She did not even return for her clothes, but instead drove with Kranz to Waukegan.

The two then took a train for Kenosha, then back to Chicago, and then to St. Paul, Kranz apparently getting transportation through his position on the road.

From St. Paul Kranz and the girl appear to have sent a telegram to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Flood at Warrenton telling the anxious parents, who did not know what to do following the sudden disappearance of their daughter, that the clothes and trunk of the girl were sent to them at a Texas point.

Remaining in St. Paul for two days, the couple left for Texas, and until recently, it is said, have been living together in some Texas city, as man and wife.

### FEB. WEATHER REPORT

Furnished by Joseph C. James, the Local Weather Recorder

Feb. -1911. Warmest day 50 on the 16th. Coldest day 2 below on the 10th. Average temperature 28.67. Rainfall 2.88 inch. Snowfall 9 inches.

Feb. 1910—Warmest day 50 on the 15th. Coldest day 10 below on the 23rd. Average temperature 19.94. Rainfall 65.100 inches. Snowfall 44 inches.

Feb. 1909—Warmest day 52 on the 18th. Coldest day zero on the 1st. Average temperature 29.10. Total rainfall 1.60 inches. Snowfall 6 inches.

Feb. 1908—Warmest day 47 on the 12th. Coldest day 10 below on the 4th. Average temperature 23.06. Total rainfall 30.100 inches. Snowfall 11 inches.

Feb. 1907—Warmest day 52 on the 18th. Coldest day 14 below on the 6th. Average temperature 22.61. Rainfall 30.100 inches. Snowfall 11 inches.

Feb. 1906—Warmest day 50 on the 12th. Coldest day 9 below on the 7th. Average temperature 22.88. Total rainfall 2.30 inches. Snowfall 3 inches.

Feb. 1905—Warmest day 44 on the 28th. Coldest day 25 below on the 13th. Average temperature 13.64. Total rainfall 1.85 inch. Snowfall 21 inches.

Feb. 1904—Warmest day 44 on the 6th. Coldest day 14 below on the 1st. Average temperature 12.37. Rainfall 1.50 inches. Snowfall 10 inches.

Feb. 1903—Warmest day 47 on the 27th. Coldest day 14 below on the 17th. Average temperature 21.11. Total rainfall 1.100 inches. Snowfall 6 inches.

Feb. 1902—Warmest day 48 on the 26th. Coldest day 9 below on the 5th. Average temperature 18.01. Rainfall 1.40 inches.

Rainfall includes melted snow.

### NEW BRIDGE NEAR WOODWORTH COLLAPSES

The floor of the new concrete bridge, known as the "Devil's bridge" in the town of Bristol just south of the village of Woodworth collapsed on Wednesday afternoon of last week and as a result the road is impassable at this point and the Town Board and the county will have to make some arrangements for the rebuilding of this portion of the bridge before the road will be open for the use of teams and vehicles. The floor collapsed without any warning and a large portion of it fell into the little creek beneath. Fortunately no one was on the bridge at the time of the collapse of the floor and within a short time the attention of the Town Board was called to the condition of the bridge and the road was closed up.

The contract for the bridge was let less than a year ago and it was completed just before the coming of the cold winter weather. It was made entirely of concrete and the cost of it was \$3,500, one-half of which amount was paid from the county funds. The last check for the payment of the Milwaukee contractors in charge of the work was mailed to them on Tuesday and it was paid by the bank on Wednesday. The Town of Bristol had also completed its share of the payments during the early part of the week.

Chairman Frank Shuart declares that the loss from the collapse of the floor of the bridge would be in the neighborhood of \$500 and as the bridge has been accepted it is probable that the cost will have to be paid by the town and by the county at large.

### DIPHTHERIA IS CAUSE OF DEATH

On Friday of last week, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Message were called upon to part with their youngest child, Oliver, aged one year and seven months. The cause of his death being diphtheria.

The little one had been ill for a few days with what his parents supposed to be only a slight cold, and on Tuesday they engaged the services of a physician who pronounced the case tensile. The child continued to grow rapidly worse and on Thursday it was discovered that diphtheria had developed and the little one passed away the following day. The remains were interred in the Hillside cemetery Saturday morning.

May God of mercy hear our cries!

And help these broken hearts of ours.

He has in his all wise dealing

Chosen one of earth's fair flowers.

Little Oliver, thou art gone before us.

To the realm of endless day;

Still thy spirit abores o'er us

As we tread life's weary way.

Though our hearts are pained with sadness

As we mourn, dear one, for thee,

Yet we know that you are waiting

On the shore beyond the sea.

When our pilgrimage is ended

And our trials and troubles cease,

May we with thee rest in Jesus

There to dwell in perfect peace.

## WHITNEY NOMINATED FOR JUDGE

Antioch Cast Only Fifty-three Votes at the Judicial Primary Held Monday

### COUNTY GIVES 1452 VOTES

Not One Vote Cast Against the Lake Co. Candidate Which Shows His Popularity

In the judicial primary held in Lake county Monday, Atty. Charles Whitney received every one of the 1452 votes cast in the county; he received practically all the votes cast in the other counties, Boone, Winnebago and McHenry county and in those counties the vote also was small. In McHenry but 500 votes were cast. In Boone, some writing in of Judge DeWolf's name was followed but not to any extent. Below are shown the votes in the various Lake county townships:

Benton	194
Newport	17
Antioch	53
Grant	20
Avon	111
Warren	61
Waukegan	497
Shields	98
Libertyville	122
Fremont	20
Wauconda	25

## ANTIQUA NEWS

A. H. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIQUA ILLINOIS

## When a Man Marries

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

Author of *The Circular Staircase*,  
*The Man in Lower Ten, Etc.*

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## SYNOPSIS.

James Wilson or Jimmy as he is called by his friends, Jimmy who is young and looks older than he really was. His ambition in life was to be taken seriously, but people steadily refused to do so, his art is considered a huge joke, except to himself. He asked people to dinner, everyone except from Jimmy's parties Bella knows; they live together a year and are divorced. Jimmy's friends arrange to celebrate the first anniversary of his divorce. Those who attend the party are: Mrs. Hartleben, Mrs. who owns the castle Kit, Mrs. and Mr. Dallas Brown, the Misses Mercer, Maxwell Reed and Mr. Thomas Harbison, a South American civil engineer. The party is full swing when Jim receives a telegram from Aunt Selina who will arrive in four hours to visit him and his wife. Jimmy gets his funds from Aunt Selina and after he marries she doubles his allowance. He neglects to tell her of his secret; she is opposed to it. Jim, my take Kit has confidence, he tries to devise some way so that his aunt will not learn that he has no longer a wife. He suggests that Kit play the hostess for one night, but Aunt Wilson is not satisfied. Jim is deeply troubled upon to act the part. Aunt Selina arrives and the deception works but as planned, as she had never seen Jim's wife. Jim's Jan servant is taken in his place in to serve him. Bella the Jan servant, as she whished to secure his services. Harbison steps out on the porch and discovers a man tracking a card on the door. He demands an explanation. The man points to the picture and says "This is the man I am looking for." printed on it. The man tells him he is an officer of the board of health and tells him the house is under quarantine and that the guests will have to remain in the house until after the quarantine is lifted.

## CHAPTER V. (Continued.)

"No one would think that, Bella," I soothed her. "Everybody knows you loathe him—Jim, too." She looked at me over the edge of her cup.

"I'll run along now," she said, "since Takahiro isn't here. And if Jim has any sense at all, he will clean out every maid in the house. I never saw such a kitchen in all my life. Well, lend the way, Kit. I suppose they are deep in bridge or roulette, or something."

She was fixing her veil, and I saw I would have to tell her. Personally, I would much rather have told her the house was on fire.

"Wait a minute, Bella," I said. "You see, something queer has happened. You know this is the anniversary—well, you know what it is—and Jim was awfully glum. So we thought we would come!"

"What are you driving at?" she demanded. "You are sea-green, Kit. What's the matter? You usedn't think I mind because Jim has a jollification to celebrate his divorce."

"It—it was Takahiro—in the ambulance," I blurted. "Smallpox. We—Bella, we are shut in, quarantined."

She didn't faint. She just sat down and stared at me, and I stared back at her. Then a miserable alarm clock on the table suddenly went off like an explosion, and Bella began to laugh. I knew what that was—hysteria. She always had attacks like that when things went wrong. I was quite despairing by that time; I hoped they would all bear her and come downstairs and take her up and put her to bed like a Christian, so she could giggle her soul out. But after a bit she quieted down and began to cry softly, and I knew the worst was over. I gave her a shake, and she was so angry that she got over it altogether.

"Kit, you are horrid," she choked. "Don't you see what a position I am in? I am not going upstairs to face Anne and the rest of them. You can just put me in the coal cellar."

"Isn't there a window you could get through?" I asked desperately. "Locking the door doesn't shut up a whole house."

Bella's courage revived at that, and she said yes, there were windows plenty of them, only she didn't see how she could get out. And I said she would have to get out, because I was playing Bella in the performance and I didn't care to have an understudy. Then the situation dawned on her, and she sat down and laughed herself weak in the knees. Of course she wanted to stay, then, and see the fun out. But I was firm; she would have to go, and I told her so. Things were complicated enough without her.

Well, we looked funny, no doubt. Bella in a Russian pony automobile coat over the black satin she had worn at the Cleveland's dinner, and I in cream lace, the skirt gathered up from the kitchen floor, with Bella's ornate polerine around my bare shoulders and disheveled and overturned chairs everywhere.

Bella knew more about the lower regions of her ex-home than I would have thought. She opened a door in a corner and led the way through

narrow hall past the refrigerating room, to a huge, cemented cellar, with a furnace in the center, and a half dozen electric lights making it really brilliant.

"Get a chair," Bella said over her shoulder, excitedly. "I can get out easily here, through the coal hole. Imagine me—"

But it was my turn to grip Bella. From behind the furnace were coming the most terrible sounds, rasping noises that nearly frayed the silk of my nerves. We stood petrified for an instant. Then Bella laughed. "They are not all gone," she said carefully. "Some one is asleep there."

We tiptoed to where we could see around the furnace, and, sure enough, some one was asleep there. Only, it was not one of the servants; it was a portly policeman, with a newspaper and an empty plate on the floor on one side, and a champagne bottle on the other. He had slid down in his chair, with his chin on his brass buttons, and his helmet had rolled a dozen feet away. Bella had to clap her mouth.

"Fairly caught!" she whispered. "Sartor Resartus, the arrester arrested. Oh, Jim and his flawless servants."

"I'm going to call him down, Bella," I said firmly. "Let him help you out. I'm sure I don't see why I should have all this when the two of you—"

"Oh, no, no! Surely, Kit, you wouldn't be so cruel!" she whispered pleadingly. "You know what he would think. He—oh, Kit, let them all get settled for the night, and then come down, like a dear, and help me out. I know loads of ways—honestly I do."

"If I leave you here," I debated, "what about the policeman?"

"Never mind him," I frantically. "Listen! There's Jim up in the pantry. Run, for the sake of heaven!"

So—I ran. At the top of the stairs I met Jimmy, very crumpled as to shirt-front and dejected as to face.

"I've been hunting everywhere for you," he said dismally. "I thought

"Never mind him," I frantically. "Listen! There's Jim up in the pantry. Run, for the sake of heaven!"

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So—I ran. At the top of the stairs I met Jimmy, very crumpled as to shirt-front and dejected as to face.

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## FIX DEFECTS IN STATE GAME LAWS

Governor in Special Message Urges Prompt Action.

### OTHER BOARDS ARE AFFECTED

Statutes Governing Disposition of Fees in Several Departments Do Not Comply With Constitutional Requirements Relative to Appropriations.

Springfield, March 1.—In a special message sent to the legislature today, the governor urges prompt action in curing the defects in the law creating the slot game department. The following is the message:

An opinion of the Attorney General, rendered to the Senate on Feb. 13, 1911, points out certain defects in the act creating the State Game Department and providing for its maintenance. Under the provisions of the present law, approved April 28, 1903, in force July 1, 1903, and acts amendatory thereto, the funds available for the support and maintenance of the State Game Department are placed in the State treasury and, under section 25 of said act, are there set apart as a special fund known as the State Game Protection Fund.

Under the present law, all moneys used for the payment of salaries of the State Game Commissioner, the game wardens and deputy game wardens, are made payable by the State Treasurer out of the State Game Protection Fund upon warrants drawn by the Auditor of Public Accounts, upon presentation to him of proper vouchers certified to by the State Game Commissioner and approved by the Governor. This provision of the law is found defective by the Attorney General in that it is in contravention of certain constitutional provisions in relation to appropriation measures.

The provisions of the game law in relation to expenditures for the maintenance of the State Game Department are also found to be defective in that they violate constitutional provisions governing the appropriation of money from the State treasury.

The opinion is based upon the decision of the Supreme Court of our State in the case of *The People v. Joyce*, 246 Ill., 124, decided Oct. 12, 1910.

The importance of the conclusions reached by the Attorney General in his opinion and the necessity of immediate action by your honorable body to provide for the continuance of the work of this important department are apparent. Ever since its creation, the funds of the State Game Department have been disbursed under this act in the manner now found defective by the opinion of the Attorney General. For all these expenditures, vouchers certified to by the State Game Commissioner and approved by the Governor are on file in the office of the Auditor of Public Accounts; and as the change necessary to comply with constitutional provisions alone will require nothing more than a change in the method of drawing upon the Game Protection Fund in the State Treasury, there should be no difficulty in securing the immediate passage of the necessary legislation, with an emergency clause, so as to prevent any unnecessary embarrassment to the administration of the work of the State Game Department.

The opinion of the Attorney General deals exclusively with the State Game Department, but in his annual report for 1910, the Attorney General intimates that the acts relating to these departments, institutions, boards and commissions which receive fees or public moneys and do not transmit them to the State Treasury through the Auditor of Public Accounts, or from which expenditures are made for salaries or other purposes without being authorized bimonthly by appropriation acts of the General Assembly, are unconstitutional.

I have taken pains to investigate the statutes creating the various State departments, institutions, boards and commissions, whose provisions govern the disposition of the fees and funds set apart for their support do not, according to the views of the Attorney General, comply with the constitutional requirements relative to appropriations. They are the following:

*Food Commission*, created April 24, 1899. *Food Commission Fund*, deposited in the State Treasury and drawn out without appropriation.

*Fish Commission*, created May 13, 1879. *Fish Protection Fund*, deposited in State Treasury and drawn out without appropriation.

*Board of Administration*, created June 15, 1909. *Board of Administration Fund*. The act of 1910 purports to appropriate this fund to the Board of Administration to be expended in accordance with the provisions of the act, but the maximum amount appropriated is not fixed.

*Board of Health*, created May 27, 1877. The Board has appropriations, but the fees collected are not paid into the State Treasury and are not appropriated.

*Board of Pharmacy*, created May 30, 1881. Fees collected are not paid into the State Treasury and the board has no appropriation for any purpose.

*Fire Marshal's office*, created June 15, 1909. The act creating the department provides for the application of

fees, collected through the insurance department, to the maintenance of the Fire Marshal's office. Under the act payment of these fees has been made to the Insurance Superintendent, who is prepared to pay them into the State treasury when appropriation measures are passed to make the law effective.

*Barbers Board*, created June 20, 1909. Fees collected are not paid into the State treasury and the Board has no appropriation.

*Grain Inspection Departments* at Chicago and East St. Louis, created under act of April 25, 1871. Collections are not paid into the State treasury and neither of the departments has an appropriation.

*Board of State Veterinarians*, created under act of June 27, 1885. Collects license and other fees. They are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

*University of Illinois*, created February 23, 1867. Tuitions, fees and other receipts are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

*Southern Illinois Normal University*, created March 8, 1860. Tuitions, fees and other receipts are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

*Northern Illinois State Normal School*, created May 22, 1895. Tuitions, fees and other receipts are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

*Western Illinois State Normal School*, created April 24, 1899. Tuitions, fees and other receipts are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

*Bureau of Labor*, created May 29, 1879. License fees collected under "An act relating to private employment agencies, and to repeal parts of a certain act relating thereto," approved June 15, 1909, are not paid into the State treasury and no appropriation of the fees is made.

*Board of Agriculture*, created April 15, 1872. Collects premiums, gate receipts and other moneys that are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

*Stallion Registration Commission*, created June 10, 1900. Collects fees that are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

*Board of Prison Industries*, created May 11, 1903. Collects moneys under the provisions of "An act to regulate the employment of convicts and prisoners in the penal and reformatory institutions of the State of Illinois, and providing for the disposition of the products of their skill and industry," in force July 1, 1903. The collections under this act are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

*Insurance Department*, created June 20, 1893. Examination fees collected are not paid into the State treasury, but are not appropriated by the 50th paragraph of the act to appropriate moneys to pay the general expenses of the State government. No maximum amount is fixed.

*Board of Certified Accountants*, created May 15, 1903. *State University*. Fees for examinations are collected but are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

*Secretary of State*. Fees received for automobile and chauffeur licenses, under act of June 10, 1903, are not paid into the State treasury, but are appropriated by the 50% paragraph of the act appropriating money to pay the general expenses of the State government. No maximum amount is fixed.

*Board of Examiners of Dental Surgery*, created under act of May 15, 1905. Fees and other collections are not paid into the State treasury, and no appropriation is made to the Board.

*State Board of Architects*, created June 3, 1897. Fees and other collections are not paid into the State treasury and no appropriation is made to the Board.

*Illinois State Penitentiary* (Joliet), created February 19, 1857. Miscellaneous collections of this institution are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

*Southern Illinois Penitentiary* (Chester), created May 24, 1877. Miscellaneous collections of this institution are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

*State Reformatory* (Pontiac), created March 5, 1857. Miscellaneous collections of this institution are not paid into the State treasury and are not appropriated.

In view of the fact that it would be impossible to discontinue the work of a department, institution, board or commission, to await the decision of the Supreme Court in each case or class of cases arising under the statutes enumerated above, and of the possible embarrassment that might arise hereafter should questions be raised as to the validity of the expenditures of the departments, institutions, boards and commissions enumerated, and which might require the convening of the General Assembly in extraordinary session, I doom it wise at this time to submit for the consideration of your Honorable Body the question of the amendment of said statutes. Their amendment will affect merely the method of keeping accounts by these departments, institutions, boards or commissions, and not their administration.

## LOWER HOUSE IS RUSHING ITS WORK

Its Members Do Not Desire to Be Held Responsible for an Extra Session.

### OLD MEN ON DUTY AT NIGHT

*Gen. Kelfer and Other Veterans Stick to Posts—Navy Department Books Hulk of French Warship—Famous Names in the Military Academy.*

By GEORGE CLINTON.

Washington.—Members of both parties in the house of representatives made up their minds after the prolonged filibuster on the omnibus claims bill that it would not be wise politically for either party to have the house charged up with delaying matters so that an extra session would be necessary, even if reciprocity did not cause the president to call it.

The result of this feeling has been that in thousands of the tenements of New York City, Chicago and other big cities there are indoor gardens in winter and outdoor gardens in summer.

It is true that these gardens are limited in size, but on hundreds of back porches and on the window ledges of the tenement districts of New York green boxes appear in the spring and summer season and each box contains growing geraniums, pansies and other flowers. Some of the tenement dwellers manage to raise vegetables on the roofs and on the back porches.

Each senator and representative is allowed a certain number of government publications free for distribution among his constituents. It happens that exceedingly there is a great demand from one district for a certain publication, a demand which exhausts quickly the supply of the member representing the district. Then comes a series of exchanges, the member who wants publications exchanging garden seeds for them with some other member who prefers seeds to the printed matter. This sort of bartering goes on constantly and by carrying it on judiciously, each member is able to meet the particular requirements of his district.

The scenes at a recent night session of the house were duplicates of scenes which occurred when the members, or some of them, sat up all night during the attempt of the Republican insurgents and most of the Democrats to affect a change in the rules. Night sessions are hard on the members, especially the older ones, but it is a curious thing to note that the old men, who suffer most, are the ones who stick closest to their desks and the fight while the trouble is on.

Perhaps it is the desire of the older members to avoid a charge that age has weakened them that keeps them at the post of duty through the long night sessions while some of the younger members are home and in bed or, at best, sleeping on the lounge or in the chairs of the cloak-rooms. Two old Civil war veterans of the house, one a Republican and one a Democrat—General Kelfer and General Sherman—always have been on the night picket line when the two parties in the house were engaged in midnight warfare.

General Kelfer's Achievement.

A year ago when Speaker Cannon was delaying a ruling on a point of order which affected a change in the rules, parliamentary strategy made it necessary to keep the house in session all night. Member after member rose to speak in order that the debate might continue so as to prevent the forcing of the speaker's hand. It was one o'clock in the morning and the supply of ready and willing speakers on the Republican side seemed to have been pretty nearly exhausted. Then up rose General Kelfer and for an hour and a half he addressed the house, his voice being heard in every corner of the galleries. He spoke as though it were ten o'clock in the morning and he had risen refreshed from a long night's slumber. On March 4 General Kelfer will leave the house for private life. Once on a time he was speaker of the house of representatives and, as probably, everybody in the United States knows from his pictures, he always appears in public in "full dress" evening attire.

*Seck Hulk of Warship.*

The navy department has ordered two vessels, charged with the duty of finding and destroying derelicts, to search for the hulk of the old French warship Richelieu which, water-logged and abandoned, has been reported to be in the track of trans-Atlantic liners somewhere between the American coast and Queenstown.

If the Richelieu is found she will be destroyed, in case she is not found near enough to some port to be towed in. Even if the latter proves to be the case, immediate destruction may follow provided the boat is found not to be worth the saving.

Dorellots are a danger to commerce. It is believed that many and many a ship which never has been heard from has gone down as the result of a collision with some wail of the sea.

There are some scores of derelicts known to be afloat and the search for them by specially commissioned vessels of every government is constantly in progress. A list is kept of every derelict which is reported and when one is found and destroyed or towed into port, it is checked from the record.

Strive as hard as the governments of the world can, the derelict list remains about the same year in year out. When one is found and destroyed another end usually is reported to take its place, and if the average of those afloat can be kept about the same from year to year it seems to be about all that the navigation interests can expect.

Tested Her Ram on a Dorellot.

Some years ago the ram Katahdin, which is now out of commission, found a water-logged lumber ship abandoned at sea off Cape Hatteras. At that time the ram type of ship was more or less an experiment and the captain of the Katahdin thought he would put his steel-pointed, heavily reinforced prow to the test, and so he ordered full speed ahead and the Katahdin rammed the derelict amidships. The shock of the impact threw most of the crew of the war vessel to the deck, but no one was hurt, while the lumber ship was cut almost in two. The Katahdin backed out and in a few moments the derelict filled and sank. Most of her lumber load, which was largely on deck, float-

ed on the surface of the sea, but the planks and the logs were separated and none of them was of sufficient size or weight to be in itself a menace to navigation.

This is the season for the distribution of free vegetable and flower seeds by members of congress. Every member is given a certain number of seed packages for distribution among his constituents. There is a belief generally throughout the country that members of congress who represent crowded city districts have no use for these seeds and this belief was well based a few years ago, but matters have changed completely.

Gardens in the Cities.

Within the last three or four years the social settlement workers in the great cities have been instructing the tenement dwellers in the value of making their little crowded homes as attractive as possible. Health and morals are improved by pleasant surroundings according to the view of the Socialists. The result has been that in thousands of the tenements of New York City, Chicago and other big cities there are indoor gardens in winter and outdoor gardens in summer.

It is true that these gardens are limited in size, but on hundreds of back porches and on the window ledges of the tenement districts of New York green boxes appear in the spring and summer season and each box contains growing geraniums, pansies and other flowers. Some of the tenement dwellers manage to raise vegetables on the roofs and on the back porches.

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## THE ANTIQUE NEWS

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THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1911

Women seldom suffer in silence.

A centipede is seldom on its last legs.

When money talks it usually gets an  
encore.Good luck seems to stumble right on  
to the hustler.Some men like to blow about having  
been on a toot.A man made of common clay is not  
always a brick.Anyway Adam didn't trail around on  
Eve's apron strings.The man who makes enemies is at  
least doing something.The man who is on the square does  
not have to sneak 'round.Heroic deeds are poor collateral to  
try to borrow money on.Acting so as to keep out of trouble is  
no sure sign of cowardice.A self-made man can't kick on the  
material used in his make-up.It doesn't take much of a backbone  
to avoid sins that never tempt you.A man gets to the front sometimes  
by being shoved by those in the rear.The world owes us all a living—but  
some are better collectors than others.Why should the bridegroom wear  
mourning on the happiest day of his  
life.You can not be a pioneer in any  
movement if you wait to climb on the  
band wagon.A scientist tells us that metals get  
tired—but who ever saw a lazy man  
on his metal.The women who want to vote are  
more to be respected than the men who  
can and don't.Folks who expect to take their money  
with them when they leave this earth  
must have money to burn.The man who tries and fails is of  
more value to society than he who says  
he can't and succeeds at it.Just because you can't see your own  
children's faults is no sign that you  
need the service of an oculist.The plodder often makes more pro-  
gress than the rapid worker who has  
to hurry to make up for wasted time.The Lord does not always provide,  
but he will get behind and push the  
fellow who goes after what he wants.Some sinners who refuse to give up  
their street car seats to ladies may  
be glad to get standing room in heaven.Don't talk so much about your an-  
cestors, but try to act and do that  
your grandchildren will be proud of  
them.A report comes from North Caro-  
lina of a hen that laid five eggs a day.  
That hen must be a poor mathemati-  
cian.Many a man who can't paddle his  
own canoe thinks he is qualified to fur-  
nish the motive power for the ship of  
state.When a woman gets rigged out with  
a new lid and gown, the calls she has  
been neglecting begin to bother her  
conscience.An exchange informs us that a girl  
does not like to be kissed against her  
will. Well, that's no place to kiss a  
girl, anyway.Mustard plasters are going up in  
price also. The trusts must be getting  
scared when they resort to hitting us  
in the back.Maybe the postmaster general wants  
to raise the rates on second class mat-  
ter so as to have some change to put in  
the postal savings bank.A paragrapher asks: How many  
people are there who ask questions they  
know you can't answer? There wouldbe one less if this paragrapher kept  
quiet.A man in Philadelphia claims to have  
gotten drunk eating onions. This is a  
happy combination—making it possible  
to get drunk and kill your breath at the  
same time.They say there are no lawyers in  
heaven—which may be the reason that  
everyone else wants to go there. And  
if they all go to the other place the  
devil need not want for good company.A man claims to have invented some-  
thing that will overcome the laws of  
gravitation. If he would invent some-  
thing that would cause a dollar to re-  
turn to you after being spent it would  
be more to the point.Some one tells us that Eve was  
twenty-three feet tall. She had the  
advantage of being able to overlook  
Adam's faults—but it's no wonder our  
prehistoric dad was tardy in taking her  
to a dressmaker.Illinois stands in great need of better  
country roads. The department of  
agriculture made an elaborate estimate  
once on the cost of bad roads to the farmer.  
It was a showing which should  
have had a greater effect than it did on  
those to whom it was addressed. Con-  
siderable money and labor are spent  
yearly on Illinois roads, but as a rule  
they are spent unintelligently and to  
little purpose. The man who works out  
his road tax by scraping up to the  
crown of the road dirt which rains have  
washed into the ditches and which later  
rains will wash back again might about  
as well have kept at home.There is a state highway commis-  
sion, whose duty it is to inform itself  
as to highway construction and give in-  
formation to all who have authority  
over highways. It is believed that the  
commission has done good work, but  
the field is too extensive for three men  
to cover. There is need of some agency  
which shall be nearer the highway com-  
missioners, who look after the country  
roads, to guide them in their work and  
co-ordinate their efforts to the end that  
there may be a continuity of good  
roads throughout the state. Then the  
farmer would no longer be unable be-  
cause of bottomless roads to get his  
crops to the nearest railroad station at  
the time they were bringing the highest  
price.Now it is proposed to link together  
the state highway commission and the  
men who have to do immediately with  
readmaking. A bill has been intro-  
duced which makes provision for a super-  
intendent of roads for every county.  
He is to have had at least three years'  
experience as a civil engineer. It  
would be a part of his duty to classify  
all the roads in his county, roads of the  
first class, which should receive special  
attention, being those connecting the  
principal points in his county. He  
would have to inspect all the roads, give  
advice about building them, and make  
report to the state highway commis-  
sion.With this force of capable super-  
intendents there would be some approach  
to systematized and united road build-  
ing in Illinois. The millions now ex-  
pended annually would be spent to much  
better purpose, and it would not be  
many years before there was a pro-  
ceptible improvement. Let us have the  
superintendents of roads.The plodder often makes more pro-  
gress than the rapid worker who has  
to hurry to make up for wasted time.The Lord does not always provide,  
but he will get behind and push the  
fellow who goes after what he wants.Some sinners who refuse to give up  
their street car seats to ladies may  
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people are there who ask questions they  
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## AUCTION SALES

The undersigned Administrator of  
Charles W. Turner dec'd will sell on the  
Turner Farm one mile east of AntiochFriday, March 3, 1911,  
commencing at 1:00 p. m. sharp the  
following property to-wit: 12 bay more  
18 years old, 8 cows, some springers, 3  
2 yr old Holsteins, 3 hogs 1½ dozen chickens  
1 lumber wagon, 1 truck wagon, 1 milk  
wagon, single buckeye wagon, hay rack,  
hay rack, pair bobs, grain binder, corn  
binder, pair drags, disc harrow, mower,  
bulky plow, walking plow, stubble,  
soil plow, riding corn cultivator, corn  
sheller, pair 1000 lb scales, large kettle,  
some carpenter tools, forks, spades  
and shovels, 1 team harness, coal heater,  
coal stove for coal or wood, grind stone,  
2 peat bed diggers, corn planter 600 bu  
bats, 250 bu corn in crib, 12 ton tame  
hay in barn, some straw in stack, 800  
drain tile 4 and 5 inch, 3 milk cans,  
as the hoe, stone boat, vinegar in  
barrel, wheel barrel, crow bar and  
moult, extension ladder and other  
articles to numerous to mention. Free  
lunch at noon. Usual terms.Geo. Vogel, W. J. WHITE,  
Auctioneer AdministratorThe undersigned will sell at Public  
auction on his farm 3 miles south of  
Antioch on the Fox Lake road on

Saturday, March 4, 1911

Commencing at 1:00 o'clock sharp the  
following property, to-wit: 24 head of  
cattle, 18 heavy springers, some with  
calves by side, 1 Jersey cow, calf by  
side, new milker, 1 ½ yr old Holstein  
bull, 4 yearling Heifers, 1 sow with 7  
spring pigs, terms 6 mos, at 6 per cent.  
Geo. Vogel, Bert Brown,  
Auctioneer Proptor.The undersigned will sell at public  
auction at his farm in Millburn on

Wednesday, March 8

commencing at 10:00 o'clock a. m. the  
following property towit: 1 gray gelding  
6 years old, weight 1700; 1 black  
gelding 7 years old, weight 1550; 1  
brown gelding 8 years old, weight 1600;  
1 brown gelding 5 years old, weight  
1600; 1 gray mare, with foal, 6 years  
old, weight 1600; 1 brown driving mare  
8 years old, 1 sorrel driving mare 9  
years old, 1 sorrel mare 2 years old, 1  
gray gelding 2 years old, 1 brown gelding  
2 years old, 1 bay gelding 1 year old,  
1 black gelding 1 year old, 26  
choice dairy cows (tuberculin tested) 2  
full blood Holstein bulls 1 year old, 2  
gray Durham bulls 1 year old, 2 yearling  
heifers, 6 brood sows, 1 I. O. C.  
bear, 7 shoots, 500 bu of oats, 40 bu of  
barley, 20 tons of hay, 4 stacks of corn  
fodder, 1 surrey, 1 road wagon, 1 seed-  
er, 1 sulky plow, 1 cauldron kettle, 1  
walking plow, and 5 dozen chickens.

USUAL TERMS LUNCH AT NOON

JOHN STRANG, Prep.,  
Geo. Vogel, John Thain,  
Auctioneer ClerkThe undersigned will sell at public  
auction on the Cannon farm, 2½ miles  
south-east of Antioch on the Hickory  
road onFriday, March 10th  
commencing at 1:00 o'clock the follow-  
ing property towit: 28 cows, milchers  
and springers; 5 two-year-old heifers, 7  
yearling heifers, 4 calves, 2 brood sows,  
300 bu. of oats, 4 tons of wild hay, 7  
milk cans.Geo. Vogel, Auctioneer Usual terms.  
Brook & Garrett, Props.To Boil a Cracked Egg.  
To boil a cracked egg, add one tea-  
spoonful of salt to the water, and it  
will cook without having any of the  
white come out. Housekeeper.

## Special Shoe Sale

Having bought H. A. Wienke's entire stock of  
footwear will sell at cost on

Saturday, March 4

A quantity of Ladies', Men's and  
Children's Footwear consisting ofLadies' button and lace shoes, Ladies' rubbers,  
Men's work shoes and dress shoes in both lace  
or button; also German socks, sheepskin moc-  
casins, socks for rubber boots, leggings and rub-  
bers; also Children's shoes in patent leather,  
button or lace, and Children's rubbers.This sale is to make room for Spring and Summer  
goods that will arrive soon. Our shelves are over  
crowded and we must have room for new goods.  
Come early and avoid the rush, for we have shoes  
for all the great and small.

Remember the Date

SATURDAY, MARCH 4th

J. R. CRIBB..

WARRENTON GIRL IS VIC-  
TIM OF BASE DECEIVER

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE)

again he would certainly put up a battle  
for his liberty.He asserted that he was innocent of  
any intentional wrong doing and had merely  
acted so because he loved the Flood  
girl to distraction and could not live  
without her.

The Flood girl is still in Chicago. Up

to Monday morning she did not know  
that her lover had been arrested, and  
in fact, the girl has played an innocent  
part all through the amorous affair,  
being deceived.Constable Hicks took his prisoner to  
Waukegan at 9 o'clock Sunday morn-  
ing and at once lodged him in the Lake  
county jail. The constable and his  
charge had to take a log train from  
Summit Lake to Antigo and were on  
the road traveling continuously from 1  
until 9 a. m., when they arrived at  
Waukegan.It is said that some of the Flood girl's  
letters are in possession of Mrs. Kranz,  
but that she was ignorant of the whole  
matter and is an entirely innocent  
party, as innocent as the girl herself.

It is suspected by relatives of the

Flood girl and by officers of the law  
that Kranz may have had other girls on  
the string also, and that he led a career  
as a professional heart breaker, al-  
though to date no evidence of this has  
come to light.The whole story is as sad a one as  
has come to light in this country in many  
a day and efforts were made at once to  
straighten out the tangle and right a  
long list of what appear to be down-  
right wrongs.Kranz returned to Chicago a week  
ago Saturday.

## AGED MAN

## PASSED AWAY

SATURDAY LAST

Saturday, February 25, 1911, marked  
the passing away of Mr. Noah Yaw,  
one of the oldest residents of Camp  
Lake. He was born November 12,  
1827, in the state of Massachusetts and  
passed away at the age of 83 years, 3  
months and 13 days, advancing age being  
the cause.He was united in marriage to Miss  
Hannah Lake in his native state in 1846  
and came to Lake county in the same  
year where they lived until 1872 when  
they removed to Kenosha county, Wis.

To this union was born four children,

Mrs. Emma Blanchard, who died June  
17, 1890, the three surviving being  
Henry Yaw, Mrs. Sylvia Webster and  
Miss Grace Yaw. Mr. Yaw had been a  
widower since the year 1907. Besides  
his three children, he leaves to mourn  
14 grandchildren and 16 great grand-  
children. The funeral services were  
held on Monday at the Liberty church,  
Rev. Stixrud officiating. Burial was at  
Liberty cemetery.

If Not True, It Ought to Be.

Lord Derby's remark to the prince  
consort as to the difficulty there  
would be in forming an administration  
if its members had to pass an exam-  
ination of naval cadets standard may  
be paralleled by a story which Lord  
Lyttelton's friends used to tell against  
him. His handwriting was one of the  
worst. The story ran that he put in  
at the table of the House of Lords an  
amendment to the reform bill of 1867,  
proposing that nobody who could not  
read and write legibly should be en-  
titled to vote. Next day it was re-  
turned by the clerk as illegible and in-  
capable of entry in the journals without  
further explanation. If this story is  
not true, as Lord Fitzmaurice hints,  
it ought to have been. London Chron-  
icle.

## Grocery Price Reduction

Buy your groceries at your home town and save money.  
For this week we offer the following specials

7 bars Galvanic soap .....	25c	6 bars Amber soap .....	28c	3 packages Mince Meat .....	25c
10 bars Calumet Family soap .....	28c	21 lbs. Granulated Sugar .....	\$1.00	1 lb. very best Tea .....	.45c
2 large boxes Johnson's Wash					

## LOCAL ITEMS

ELGIN, ILL., Feb. 27.—Butter firm at 25c. Output for the week, 450,400 lbs.

Genuine \$2.00 Douglas work shoes at Webb's.

Joseph Turner of Grayslake was in Antioch Monday.

Dr. W. W. Warriner was a Chicago passenger Monday.

See my special window of boys' 33c pants. Chase Webb.

Dr. H. F. Beebe transacted business in Chicago Tuesday.

Martin Sorenson has rented the James cottage on Orchard street.

Mrs. J. H. Goodrich is spending this week with relatives at Milwaukee.

James H. Swan of Libertyville was a business caller in Antioch Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Verrier moved on Monday to the Coyne farm north of town.

The best stock feed at Webb's. Your money refunded if it does not do the business.

Nels Nelson moved this week onto the farm which he purchased of Jas. Guilford last fall.

For Sale—Five full blood Gernay bulls call on or address J. Benedict, on the Gavin farm, Ingleside, Ill.

Dr. H. F. Beebe and family moved into the L. K. Willett house on Lake street the latter part of last week.

For sale—A house and lot on Main street belonging to the Ira Webb estate. Inquire of Chase Webb. 27-28

Brock & Garrett will have an auction sale on the Cannon farm south-east of town on Friday, March 10, beginning at 1 o'clock.

John Strang will have an auction sale of horses and cattle, at his farm at Millburn on Wednesday, March 8, beginning at ten o'clock.

For sale—Three full bred Rhode Island Red cockerels, dark mahogany color, and two Silver Laced Wyandotte cockerels. Address Box 25, Antioch, Ill.

Eli Judd, who has been spending the past few months at the home of his daughter, at Tunnel City, Wis., returned to his home here the latter part of the week.

Indian Silos—Wm Stoffel, McHenry, Ill., agent for northern and western Lake County. Special discount for early orders. A postal card will bring us to your place. 13m4

William Payne of Chicago is painting and redecorating the entire interior of Greenacres and when finished it will be one of the most artistic and modern residences in the locality.

There will be English Lutheran services at the Christian church next Sunday, held by Rev. Jedeole of Wilmot. Sermon at 2:30 p. m., Sunday school after service. Everybody invited.

A petition is being circulated by the highway commissioners for the levying of a special assessment gravel tax of 30 cents on the \$100 to gravel the north and south road from Porter's Corners as far south as the Lake Villa corporation and from Lightner's Corners north to the state line.

The dance given by the M. W. A. Band last Tuesday evening was a decided success. A large crowd was in attendance and a most enjoyable time was had by all. Miss Little Horton received the largest number of votes as the most popular young lady and was awarded the gold watch.

I hold in my possession one fifteen jeweled Elgin watch. Said watch is fitted in a twenty-five year gold filled case, which I will offer to the highest bidder for cash on Saturday, March 4th, at two o'clock p. m., in front of Williams Bros. store. E. G. Hooper, Marshal.

The House and Senate adjourned last week until Wednesday of this week. Little business was transacted beyond the introduction of bills. The Senate passed the Henson marriage bill which provides that applicants for a marriage license who are under age must secure a license in the county in which their parents or guardians reside.

Sheriff Elmer Green, sheriff of Lake county and one of the "best fellows" who ever wore shoe leather, was today made the recipient of a handsome and valuable gold star, with a black enamel inscription, the gift being made by Lee McDonough on behalf of friends. The presentation was informal. The star is a splendid one.

The Evanston basket ball team will play a return game with the Allendale boys in their new gymnasium next Saturday afternoon. The Allendale team has been in hard training for the game and some pretty good playing is expected. The boys are justly proud of the fine new ball presented to them by E. L. Bradley, and hope to make a good showing this time.

New samples for spring suits at Webb's.

Elmer Stickles spent Sunday at Libertyville.

Dr. E. H. Ames was a Chicago visitor Monday.

A fine line of remants for waists and skirts at Mrs. Watson's.

Tem Aying of Chicago spent a couple of days this week in Antioch.

Geo. Yopp is moving onto the Chese Harden farm recently purchased by F. Naber.

We furnish 100 drinking cups to those who have their auction bills printed at this office.

Thomas Burnett and wife of Libertyville were over Sunday visitors with home folks.

Miss Minnie Lux left Wednesday evening for a month's visit with friends at Grand Island, Neb.

Mrs. Dan Nelson returned last week from Kansas where she has been visiting for the past six weeks.

Mrs. Forbrick this week moved from the James cottage to the Mary Williams house on the same street.

Bert Bow will have an auction sale of cattle at his farm on Saturday, March 4, beginning at 1:00 p. m. sharp.

Mrs. Chase Webb and Mrs. Eva Kaye entertained the Seven-Eleven club at the home of the former Monday evening.

Mrs. Ada Armstrong and children will leave next week for Spokane, Wash., where she will keep house for her uncle.

Situation wanted—By boy of 16 on a farm to do chores. Address George Ginter, 7630 W. Adams street, Forest Park, Ill.

On account of having decided to move to California to reside, Chet Allen will have an auction sale on Tuesday, March 14.

A number of the school mates of Lauri Powles gave him a surprise at his home Monday evening. All present spent a most pleasant evening.

Mrs. Margaret Hookney left Wednesday for a couple of weeks' visit at Milwaukee, and before her return expects to visit at St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The Senate at Washington today by a vote of 54 to 33 defeated the resolution designed to bring about the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

See Alden, Bidinger & Co. for anything in music. Pianos, phonographs and records. Two stores, 473 Market street, Kenosha, and 209 N. Genesee street, Waukegan. For piano tuning send to us.

On account of a case of diphtheria having developed in the district the Grimm school has been closed for a couple of weeks to prevent a spread of the disease. So far no new cases have been reported and it is not thought likely that any more will follow.

Collector Walter Taylor on Wednesday received notice from County Treasurer Wisterfield that the tax books must be returned not later than March 16, and all who have not paid their taxes by that time will have to take them to Waukegan. Remember the dates that he will be at the various places and make it a point to meet him there.

The last meeting of the season of the Cinch club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Cobb Tuesday evening. The evening was pleasantly spent in playing cinch and euchre after which an oyster supper was served. After satisfying the inner man various games were indulged in until a late hour. All returned home declaring their host and hostess royal entertainers. Those present were: Messrs and Madames M. M. Burke, A. Little, P. Dibble, F. Rymer, I. Paddock, R. Runyard, Wm. Neuthem, and R. Wilton, Mrs. Little, Mrs. Winslow, Mrs. Counsel, Misses Hazel Wilton, Mabel Rhymers, Helen Burke, Marguerite Paddock, Edna and Mercita Little, Mary Paddock, Marguerite and Helen McCullough, Ida Runyard and Louisa Little, Messrs. Wm. Rhymers, Harold Craft, Richard Hook, Krum and Charles Blunt, Jos. Rhymers, Sid and Henry Dibble, Will and Late Soule, Henry Little, Sam Armstrong, Peter Burke, Peter Sorenson, Lewie Burke, Andrew and Ben Cobb, Paul and Orin Neuthem, Melvin and Robert Runyard, Oliver Cobb, Ottie Dibble, Louis and Charles Paddock and Ray Smith.

100 pair of boys' knee pants, sizes 14 to 16 years, worth 60c and 75c, to close out at 39 cents at Webb's.

Might Have Been Different.

A New Jersey Justice has decided that it is not a crime to steal an umbrella on a rainy day. Of course it was not his umbrella.

## Local Announcements and the Elgin Butter Market

## LORIMER IS

## SEATED BY

## THE SENATE

News from Washington Wednesday states that the United States Senate by a vote of 46 to 40, decided that United States Senator William Lorimer is entitled to his seat in the Senate.

This decision of the high body in Congress, ends the biggest fight against a man on the charge that he was elected through bribery that has ever been known in the Senate.

The vote of the senate ends the matter finally and Lorimer thus wins a victory, the vote also carrying with it the inference that a majority of the Senate believes Mr. Lorimer was not elected through fraud, bribery, etc.

The case has attracted attention of the nation for many months and it had been felt quite generally lately, that from the attitude of the senators, Lorimer would win out and be seated.

Lines in Memory of Mrs. H. S. Colegrove

Who Died February 22, 1911  
Long is the pilgrimage she has made,  
Limbs were a weary and steps were slow.

Heavy the burdens the earth life laid;  
Burdens that come as the swift years go.

Burdens of love even though they were;  
Burdens still that were hard to bear;

Many the sorrows which brought to her;  
Many the days that were full of care.

Dim were the eyes, and the wrinkled face,

The withered hands, and the form bent low;

Told of the toils that she had to face;

Told of the pulse that was getting slow.

Friends of her youth she had seen dead,

Husband and son, each with hairs grown gray;

Pains of the body and pains of the heart,

Met her, and buffeted, on life's way.

Home was the spot that she loved the best;

Children and grand children met her there;

Now they are bearing her to rest,

Glad to remember she's free from care.

Lovingly lay her away in the grave;

Only remember the good that she did;

Where the green grass in the soft breeze will wave.

Knowing with God all her life's work is hid.

Card of Thanks

We wish to thank our many friends for the kindness shown us during the death and burial of our beloved mother, also the singers and those who brought flowers.

Ambrose Colegrove,  
Misses Louisa and Edith Colgrave.

ADJUDICATION NOTICE.

Public notice is hereby given that the subscriber, Administratrix, of the estate of Charles M. Meyer, deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be held at the Court House in Waukegan, in said County, on the first Monday of May next, 1911, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said Court for adjudication.

JAMES L. SWAYER, Administrator.  
Whitney, Indy & Runyard, Attorneys.  
Waukegan, Illinois, March 1, 1911.

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A Fierce Night Alarm  
is the hoarse, startling cough of a child, suddenly attacked by croup. Often it aroused Lewis Chamblin, of Manchester, O. [R. R. No. 2] for their four children were greatly subject to croup.

"Sometimes in severe attacks," he says, "we were afraid they would die, but since we proved what a certain remedy Dr. King's New Discovery is, we have no fear. We rely on it for croup and for coughs, colds or any throat or lung trouble." So do thousands of others. So may you. Asthma, hay fever, laryngitis, whooping cough, hemorrhages fly before it. 60c and \$1. Trial bottle free. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Tax Notice.

The taxes for the Town of Antioch are now due, and I will be at Chase Webb's store in Antioch on Wednesdays and Saturdays, and at W. L. Rowling's, Lake Villa, on Friday of each week.

W. T. TAYLOR, Collector.

Kills a Murderer

A merciless murderer is appendicitis with many victims, but Dr. King's New Life Pill kills it by prevention.

They gently stimulate stomach, liver and bowels, preventing that clogging that invites appendicitis, curing constipation, headache, biliousness, chills.

25c at J. H. Swan's.

Wants Longer Nights.

"Have you joined the More Daylight Club?" he asked.

"I should say not. It's all I can do now to get home before daylight," replied the old rounder.—Detroit Free Press.

## AN INCOMPARABLE LIGHT

A Helper That Never tires

ARE EACH AVAILABLE AT THE TOUCH OF A BUTTON

When your Home is Equipped with Electricity

*It is Luxurious in Everything but Cost*

Electric Service is possible to any income under our plan of wiring houses at cost 24 MONTHS TO PAY, NO INTEREST.

North Shore Electric Company

J. C. JAMES, JR.  
UNDERTAKER  
LICENSED EMBALMER  
Licensed by the State Board  
of Health

BANK OF ANTIQUA,

EDWARD BROOK,  
BANKER.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE,  
AND DO A GENERAL  
BANKING BUSINESS.

M. A. HULETT  
VETERINARY SURGEON  
ANTIQUA, ILLINOIS

J. C. JAMES, JR.  
Justice of the Peace and Notary Public

REAL ESTATE  
Both Farm and Lake Property  
Fire Insurance Agent for Several  
Good Companies

Accidental and Life Insurance, Reasonable  
Rates and Good Companies

J. C. JAMES, JR.  
Antioch,  
ILLINOIS

W. J. WHITE  
Funeral Director  
Lady Assistant — Licensed Embalmer  
Calls Answered Day or Night  
Phone, 313  
Antioch, Ill.

T. N. DONNELLY & CO.  
Loss and Dismod Brokers  
New No. 24 and 26, N. Dearborn, st.  
118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY  
at less than cost. At half the price you pay  
the regular stores. Dec 1901.

E. V. ORVIS  
Lawyer and Notary Public. Practice all courts  
Farm property for sale. Damage suits and  
collection of wages a specialty. Fire and  
Life Insurance.

201 Washington St.  
WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS

LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A.  
meets at 7:30 the first and third  
Monday evenings of every month  
in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois.  
Visiting Neighbors always welcome.

FRANK HUBER, Sec'y, W. M.

The Eastern Star meets Second and Fourth  
Thursdays of each month.

MABEL GRIMM, W. M.

IDA OSMOND, Sec'y.

SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED

# REJECT ROADS' PLEA

COMMERCE COMMISSION UNANIMOUSLY DECIDE AGAINST INCREASE IN RATES.

## ADVANCE IS NOT NECESSARY

Decision Shows Carriers to Be Prosperous—Do Not Need Larger Revenue to Maintain Their Credit or Insure Against Adversity.

Washington.—The Interstate commerce commission in a decision handed down Thursday rules against the railroads in both the eastern and the western rate cases.

The railroads are prohibited from advancing first-class rates and they are ordered to reduce second-class rates.

The commission shows that at the moment when the railroads were arguing their justification for a raise they were eminently prosperous. The decisions were by unanimous vote of the commission.

The report, written by Commissioner Franklin K. Lane, is an elaborate, optimistic review of the American railway situation.

Despite what the railroad reports say of the considerable increase in wages and the increase in the cost of fuel, the last six months of the year 1910, in which the new wage schedules were in effect, the report shows for the carriers the largest operating income they have ever enjoyed.

The report opens with a consideration of the effect railroad rate regulation has had upon the revenues of the carriers, in which it is shown that, by reason of the law and its enforcement, the railroads have been protected against each other. As a result the revenues of the carriers have increased under regulation and their dividends and their surplus have also increased as in no other period of their history. In the past ten years the railroads of the United States have borrowed over four and one-half billion dollars, or twice the amount of the national debt at the close of the Civil war.

This is evidence of the faith the public has in these properties. The rate of dividends and the total amount has increased more rapidly than the additional mileage built. The western roads have increased their surplus over 100 per cent. in ten years.

Comment is made upon the fact that the railroads are now seeking to increase rates which were voluntarily made by them under competitive conditions and which they admit could not be increased under such conditions.

The carriers are seeking to gain the benefits of protective legislation and at the same time asking for a free hand and criticizing the law for the restraints which it casts upon them. It is found that the carriers do not need larger revenue for purposes of maintaining their credit or insuring them against temporary adversity.

The report closes with these words: "We shall ask the carriers to withdraw the proposed tariffs and, if such action is not taken, the commission will further suspend these rates and make an order directing the maintenance of present rates for a period of two years."

## FIGHT ON FLOOR OF HOUSE

Mondell of Wyoming and Wickersham of Alaska Come to Blows Over Alaska Bill.

Washington.—Violent language boomed and blows were struck in the house Thursday when Representative Mondell of Wyoming and Delegate Wickersham of Alaska clashed over the former's bill for leasing coal lands in Alaska.

Delegate Wickersham, in opposing the Mondell bill, quoted from his statement from the Interior department.

"That is a lie," said Mondell, in an undertone, turning in his seat to speak to Mr. Burt of South Dakota. "You are a liar if you say that," shouted Wickersham, who had overheard.

Both men then apologized to the house for the language used and the house killed the bill that had caused the trouble. After the adjournment friends of the two men tried to effect a reconciliation, but without success.

### State Troops Awe Strikers.

Taylorville, Ill.—Fearing he could not maintain order at the plant of the P. Z. Paper Bag company in this city, where a strike and lockout has been in force for some time, Sheriff Smith of Christian county Friday called on Governor Denney for troops. The governor received assurance from other county officials that the situation was serious and at once ordered four companies of state troops from Springfield and Decatur to proceed at once to this city. Since the soldiers reached here no disturbances have occurred.

### Alienation Suit Causes Murder.

Farmer City, Ill.—U. S. G. Kendall was shot and killed here Friday by Arthur Jones. The murder was a sequel to a suit for damages filed by Jones who alleged Kendall alienated his wife's affections.

### Fatal Accident in Auto Factory.

Lansing, Mich.—Henry Schleifer and P. D. Schreber were probably fatally hurt and Arthur Wilcox was badly burned by an explosion of gasoline at the factory of the Reo Motor company Friday.

## RATIFY JAP TREATY

### SENATE VOTES TO CONFIRM NEW CONVENTION.

Japanese Give Written Assurance That Government Will Regulate Emigration of Coolies.

Washington.—The new Japan treaty was ratified Friday by the senate on the understanding that Japan will not impose coolies on the United States.

The objection to the convention has consistently been that it did not throw sufficient safeguards around the immigration of Japanese to the United States. Opposition was made to it by the people of California, and by their state legislature and by the people of the Pacific states generally.

President Taft personally pushed the ratification of the treaty by his assurances to the governor of California that the question of immigration was effectively covered by the Japanese declaration, which appears above and which has been declared the treaty's efficiency and sufficiency.

The treaty was taken up for the third time in the senate and after two hours' discussion was ratified.

The western senators who had continuously opposed the treaty, reluctantly voted for it. It is understood, while not surrendering any of their opinions that grave consequences might ensue from this peculiar document.

The sole basis for the belief that immigration is safeguarded is the following personal statement for his government of Baron Uchida.

"In proceeding this day to the signature of the treaty of commerce and navigation between Japan and the United States, the undersigned Japanese ambassador in Washington duly authorized by his government has the honor to declare that the Imperial Japanese government are fully prepared to maintain with equal effectiveness the limitation and control which they have for the past three years exercised in regulation of the emigration of laborers to the United States.

(Signed) Y. UCHIDA."

This was deemed sufficient certainly by the president and the state department and the president was active in his efforts to impress the California legislature with his view of the treaty's efficiency and sufficiency.

Although the text of the treaty has been published the injunction of secrecy has not been removed and so far as the senate is considered it cannot be increased under such conditions.

The carriers are seeking to gain the benefits of protective legislation and at the same time asking for a free hand and criticizing the law for the restraints which it casts upon them. It is found that the carriers do not need larger revenue for purposes of maintaining their credit or insuring them against temporary adversity.

The report closes with these words: "We shall ask the carriers to withdraw the proposed tariffs and, if such action is not taken, the commission will further suspend these rates and make an order directing the maintenance of present rates for a period of two years."

## FRENCH MINISTRY IS OUT

### Cabinet Resigns Following Victory By Only 16 Votes—Causes Sensation in Political Circles.

Paris.—Premier Briand and the members of his cabinet tendered their resignations to President Fallières, Monday.

The bare majority of sixteen, which

the government received Friday night in a vote of confidence in the chamber of deputies, following the premier's arraignment on a charge of clericalism by the radical Socialists,

Louis Malvy and Paul Meunier, was a sore blow to the premier and his associates, who had been sustained many times in previous crises by much larger votes. In the end, M. Briand declared that he was "sick of it all."

The decision of the ministry to withdraw caused an enormous political sensation. The conservative newspapers are sounding a note of alarm. They declare that the forces of extreme radicalism are triumphing over sane and progressive reform, regarding the clerical issue, which was raised as a mere pretext to attain Briand's downfall.

The vote in the chamber of deputies is interpreted as the result of a fatigued among Briand's adversaries in his own party, who have been plotting his overthrow since the great crisis in the railway strike.

## DIRECT VOTE BILL IS HIT

Passage of Sutherland Amendment May Defeat Whole Proposal—Final Roll Call Tuesday.

Washington.—The Sutherland amendment, which it is expected, will accomplish the defeat of the resolution for the direct election of senators, was adopted in the senate by a vote of 50 to 37.

The senate also agreed that the final vote on the resolution as a whole should be taken on Tuesday.

The Sutherland amendment provides that the federal government shall retain control over the election of senators and prescribe the qualifications of voters therefor. This has frightened many southern Democrats who fear that the federal government could thereby interfere with their disfranchisement of the negroes.

Senator Borah, who is in charge of the resolution, charges that the amendment was supported with this cunning end in view.

### Taft at Coachman's Funeral.

Washington.—President and Mrs. Taft Saturday attended the funeral of Edward McQuade, coachman for Secretary of War Dickinson, who was killed in a runaway in which he saved the life of three-year-old Helen Dickinson.

### Dynamite Suspect Held.

Crooksville, O.—Andrew Carnegie's money is "tainted" say union porters of this city, and they have protested the acceptance of \$20,000 from him to construct a Carnegie public library.

## SCENE OF THREATENED WAR



Map Showing Where Russia Is Making a Demonstration Against China.

## TO PROTECT DITCH

### HOUSE DECIDES BY OVERWHELMING VOTE TO FORTIFY PANAMA CANAL.

## AID IS GIVEN BY DEMOCRATS

Twenty Republicans Refuse to Support Measure Providing for Batteries to Guard Big Waterway—Sentiment in Senate Is Favorable.

Washington.—By an overwhelming vote of the house of representatives Saturday night appropriated \$3,000,000 to begin work on the fortification of the Panama canal. The total cost of protecting the big waterway will be about \$12,000,000.

There is no doubt of the result in the senate, where the sentiment is said to be two to one in favor of protecting the waterway with land batteries.

The house disposed of the question after nearly five hours of debate. The real test came on an amendment proposed by Representative Tawney of Minnesota, chairman of the committee on appropriations, providing that no part of the \$3,000,000 should be used until the president of the United States had attempted to negotiate treaties with all of the leading maritime nations guaranteeing the neutrality and international protection of the canal.

The Tawney amendment then was voted down by 130 to 63. A motion by Representative Koiser of Ohio to strike out all provision for the fortification of the canal was lost by a vote of 136 to 51.

The real interest in the debate seemed to center in the Tawney amendment, and the speeches made for and against it by Mr. Tawney and Mr. Sherley, a stalwart Republican, looked to the Democratic side for sympathy and applause and received both Mr. Sherley, one of the Democratic leaders of the house, was accorded an ovation by Republican members. The defection of about twenty Republicans from the general policy of fortification was offset by a similar defection on the Democratic side in favor of fortification.

In passing the sundry civil bill carrying approximately \$140,000,000, and of which the canal fortification provision was the last feature to be considered, the house made a new record. Never before has this biggest of all supply bills been put through in two days without any sort of "gag rule."

It is taken as another evidence that the house is doing all it can to avoid an extra session.

## Senate Bribery Case Fails

Jury Acquits Frank J. Gardner of New York of Offering \$10,000 to Influence Vote.

New York.—The state's first endeavor to make a criminal case out of an alleged attempt to purchase legislators' votes to defeat the anti-renting bill three years ago has collapsed. After an hour's deliberation a jury in the criminal branch of the supreme court acquitted former State Senator Frank J. Gardner, who was charged with offering a \$10,000 bribe to former State Senator Otto G. Foelker, who is now a congressman.

### Dickinson's Driver Killed.

Washington.—Edward McQuade, for nearly twenty-five years coachman for the secretary of war, was killed in a runaway accident here. He was driving Secretary Dickinson's two-year-old granddaughter, Helen Dickinson, and Miss Dunnigan, her governess, both of whom, with the footman, escaped injury. The horses were frightened by a piece of paper blown by the wind.

### Port-au-Prince in Peril.

Kingston, Jamaica.—According to advice received here Sunday the British consul at Port-au-Prince, Haiti, has telegraphed for a warship to protect British interests. A general raiding in that city is imminent.

### Carnegie Cash Held Tainted.

Crooksville, O.—Andrew Carnegie's money is "tainted" say union porters of this city, and they have protested the acceptance of \$20,000 from him to construct a Carnegie public library.

### Dynamite Suspect Held.

Chielfield, O.—A man giving his name as Isaac Sacks was arrested here Saturday in connection with the theft of the Los Angeles Times building dynamiters.

## JUST LIKE EM.



First College Student—Don't you think some people ask a good many fool questions in letters?

Second College Student—Yes, now my father always wants to know if I'm a bank.

## COULD NOT STAND SUFFERING FROM SKIN ERUPTION

"I have been using Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment for the past three months and I am glad to say that they cured me of a most annoying skin eruption. It began by my noticing red blotches appearing on my face and scalp. Although they were rather disfiguring, I did not think anything of them until they began to get seedy and dry and to itch and burn until I could not stand the suffering. Then I began to use a different soap, thinking that my old kind might be hurting me, but that didn't seem to do any good. I went to two different doctors but neither seemed to relieve me any. I lost many nights sleep in continual scratching, sometimes scratching till I drew the blood on my face and head. Then I started in to use the Cuticura Remedies and in two months I was entirely relieved of that awful pest. I am so delighted over my cure by Cuticura Remedies that I shall be glad to tell anybody about it." (Signed) G. M. Macfarland, 221 West 115th St., New York City, Oct. 5, 1910.

Cuticura Soap (25c) and Cuticura Ointment (50c) are sold throughout the world. Send to Poister Drug & Chem. Corp., solo props, 135 Columbus Ave., Boston, for free book on skin and scalp diseases and their treatment.

Not a Lucrative Job.

Friend—So your friend has left college. What is he in?

Pater—Doubt.

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

The antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes your feet feel easy and comfortable walking a delight. Sold everywhere. 25c. *Allen's Foot-Ease*. For free trial package, address Allen's Ointment, Leyton, N.Y.

Sympathy sometimes means sitting in a car and passing out soft words to lame folk.

Garfield Tea purifies the blood, cleanses the system, clears the complexion, eradicates disease and promotes Good Health.

The measure of what we love and admire is the measure of our own worth—Dobson.

*FILES CURED IN 10 TO 14 DAYS*

four druggists will return money if 15000 CINTREMENT fails to cure any case of itching, blisters or pruritus including lichen, warts, etc.

A woman always fears she won't be in time for the bargain sale.

Better health is sure to follow the use of the natural Herb laxative, Garfield Tea. All druggists.

The ocean is crossed in love—by a number of bridal parties.

The satisfying quality in Lewis' Single Binders found in no other 50 cent cigar.

A girl is always sure her latest love is the real thing.

*INDIAN RELIC* WANTED for a person and a place where you have.

H. F. MELTON, 1st Street, Waco, Tex.

FAULTY METABOLISM AS A COMMON CAUSE OF DISEASE.

is the subject discussed in Bulletin No. 1 of the Elmer Pathological Laboratory. The Bulletin is sent free on request and will be of great value to everyone in Pain and Poor Health.

Address John F. Shafer, M.D., 457 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

ROBINSVILLE—We can give you some pointers of vital importance. The doctor is sent free on request and will be of great value to everyone in Pain and Poor Health.

Address Dr. H. L. Robins, 1859 Main Street, Robinsville, N.J.

It Makes Weak Women Strong. It Makes Sick Women Well.

Honest druggists do not offer substitutes, and urge them upon us "just as good." Accept no secret nostrum in place of this son-secret remedy. It contains not a drop of alcohol and not a grain of habit-forming or injurious drugs. Is a pure glycerine extract of healing, native American roots.

THE NEW YORK VACUUM CLEANER

## THIEVES ROB TRAIN

EXPRESS CARS ON ERIE ROAD  
LOOTED BETWEEN NEW YORK  
AND CHICAGO.

## POLICE BAFFLED BY MYSTERY

Detectives Fall to Find How Robbers Entered Sealed Coaches—Officials Retain as to Amount of Booty Secured.

**Chicago.**—Mysterious robbery of through fast express train No. 13 on the Erie railroad while it was running at top speed between New York and Chicago last Saturday is being investigated by secret service men of the Wells-Fargo Express company, which operates the express service on that railroad.

The loot, which may reach into the thousands of dollars, was reported to the Chicago offices of the company, but so carefully was the news guarded that no report of the robbery was made to the police here, the express company preferring to use its own men until all clues were exhausted.

The train which was robbed is made up of nothing but express cars and carries no passengers. Cars on the train are sealed in New York and the seals are not broken until they reach Chicago. In spite of these precautions when the train reached this city it was found that one of the cars had been broken into and a number of packages stolen. The contents of these packages are not known, although the local officials of the express company declared that no money was stolen.

In spite of the denials that money was stolen the first report of the robbery in Chicago was made to the money order department of the general offices here by telephone from the railroad station. Detectives in the employ of the company at once were called into consultation and made hurred examination of the car which had been reached here.

"We have no idea how the robbery or robbers worked," said H. B. Calkins, general agent of the company in Chicago, Monday. "The first we knew of the robbery was when the train reached here. I cannot say how much was taken, but I do not think the packages stolen were of any particular value. You see, that train doesn't carry much of great value. It is sold through train, made up of express cars only."

## NINE DIE IN INDIAN BATTLE

**Redskins Open Fire on Nevada Police and Kill One—Eight Braves Are Slain.**

**Reno, Nev.**—In a battle 60 miles west of Tuscarora Sunday eight Indians and one policeman were killed and the other members of the Indian band were captured. The battle took place at Kelly creek, Humboldt county, 25 miles from Golconda, in a northerly direction.

The Indian band, 12 in number, began the fight when the state police force came upon them.

For three hours the battle raged. It ended only when Ed Hoyle of the state police force and eight of the Indians had been killed. Then the remaining four Indians surrendered.

The police had been trailing the Indians for a week, believing they were the murderers of four stockmen, whose bodies were found ten days ago in a desolate canyon on the eastern slopes of the Sierra Nevada mountains. The victim's horses had been taken, and ponies which had been ridden by the murderers were found shot near by, the outlaws apparently concluding their own stock too weak to keep up with them in their flight.

## AUSTRALIA TO BAR TRUSTS

**Government Announces Determination to Prevent Foreigners Getting a Foothold on Industries.**

**Melbourne, Australia.**—Australia served notice on the business world that it would not harbor foreign trusts. The following memorandum was given to the press Monday by Sir R. W. Best, minister of trade and customs:

"For several months it has been an open secret that representatives of the American meat trust have been visiting Australia, ostensibly with the object of extending its operations here. The government is determined to take immediate and drastic action to discourage and, if necessary, to prohibit its operations in Australia. It is not proposed to wait until the combine secures vested interests in this country. The action of the government will extend to trust operations in Australia, whether conducted directly or indirectly, and will not permit the repetition in Australia of the scandals and merciless methods characterizing monopolies in other parts of the world."

**Name New Treasury Aid.**  
**Washington.**—Robert O. Bradley, who has been private secretary to Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh since the latter has been a member of the cabinet was Monday nominated by President Taft to be assistant secretary of the treasury.

**Ex-Gov. John Lee Carroll Dead.**  
**Washington.**—John Lee Carroll, governor of the state of Maryland from 1876 to 1880, died Monday at his home here after a long illness. He was born in 1830.

## \$3.50 RECIPE CURES WEAK KIDNEYS, FREE

RELIEVES URINARY AND KIDNEY TROUBLES, BACKACHE, STRAINING, SWELLING, ETC.

Stop Pain in the Bladder, Kidneys and Back.

Wouldn't it be nice within a week or so to begin to say goodbye forever to the scalding, dribbling, straining, or too frequent passage of urine; the forehead and the back-of-the-head aches; the stitches and pains in the back; the growing muscle weakness; spots before the eyes; yellow skin; sluggish bowels; swollen eyes; or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural short breath; sleeplessness and the despondency?

I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a QUICK RECOVERY, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you \$3.50 just for writing this prescription, but I have it and will be glad to send it to you entirely free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, K-250 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it, this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has great healing and pain-conquering power. It will quickly show its power once you use it, so I think you had better see what it is without delay. I will send you a copy free—you can use it and cure yourself.

The Final Settlement.  
A verdict for \$10,000 isn't so bad," said the junior partner. "How much shall we give our client?"

"Oh, give him \$50," answered the senior partner. "But hold!"

"Well?"  
Don't be hasty. Promise to give him \$50."

Important to Mothers  
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for Infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Dr. H. H. Flitter*.  
In Use For Over 30 Years.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Critics.  
"Only competent critics can give competent criticisms," said Admiral Mahan, at the Immortals' recent reception in New York. "The Ignobler the critic the ignobler the criticism—even of the very finest things—that he will pronounce."

"A man in a bar was praising a famous American journalist, a justly famous journalist, a journalist who gets out a really fine paper."

"Yes," the bartender agreed, "his paper is a good one. It picked two winners last week."

Uncle Joe's Check.

Col. Henry Cassen, sergeant-at-arms of the house of representatives, has the original check given by Speaker Joseph G. Cannon a few years ago to a book agent, and about which an interesting story has been told.

An agent visited the speaker and interested him in an elaborate edition of something which Uncle Joe didn't want, but bought. When the books arrived Uncle Joe examined them and decided at once that something had been put over on him. When the agent came for his money the speaker determined to make him endorse a terse sentiment on books, so he wrote out a check for \$73, the amount due, and on the back of it he inscribed:

"Pay to the order of Mr. Blank, in full payment for an edition which was not worth a d—, and dear at that price, but for the ease and grace with which he put it over your Uncle Joe was well worth the money."—Human Life.

CHILDREN AFFECTED  
By Mother's Food and Drink.

Many babies have been launched into life with constitutions weakened by disease taken in with their mother's milk. Mothers cannot be too careful as to the food they use while nursing their babies.

The experience of a Kansas City mother is a case in point:

"I was a great coffee drinker from a child, and thought I could not do without it. But I found at last it was doing me harm. For years I had been troubled with dizziness, spots before my eyes and pain in my heart, to which was added, two years later, a chronic sour stomach."

"The baby was born 7 months ago, and almost from the beginning it, too, suffered from sour stomach. She was taking it from me!

"In my distress I consulted a friend of more experience and she told me to quit coffee, that coffee did not make good milk. I have since ascertained that it really dries up the milk."

"So I quit coffee and tried tea and at last cocoa. But they did not agree with me. Then I turned to Postum with the happiest results. It proved to be the very thing I needed. It not only agreed perfectly with baby and myself, but it increased the flow of my milk."

"My husband then quit coffee and used Postum and quickly got well of the dyspepsia with which he had been troubled. I no longer suffer from the dizziness, blind spells, pain in my heart or sour stomach."

"Now we all drink Postum from my husband to my seven months old baby. It has proved to be the best hot drink we have ever used. We would not give up Postum for then coffee we ever drank." Name: Howard Brown, Buffalo, N.Y.

Get the little book, "The Eye Light," in pkgs.

"There's a Reason."

Ever read the above line? They are accurate, true, and interest-

## WESTERN CANADA COUNTING ITS GOLD

THE GRAIN CROP OF 1910 WAS A GOOD PAYING ONE.

Crop conditions throughout the west of Canada were not ideal, but notwithstanding there were excellent crops. Reports come from different parts to the agents of the Canadian government, whose literature tells a good part of the story, that the crops in most places were splendid.

At Castle Alta, F. Galloway's oat crop threshed 85 bushels to the acre, machine measure, and 44 bushels by weight. Alex Robertson of Delisle, Alta., had 20 bushels to the acre on 375 acres. W. & H. Clark, 17 bushels to the acre on 77 acres. Sheldon Ramsey, 20 bushels on 160 acres. J. Land threshed 3,500 bushels of 200 acres; J. Hamilton, 2,000 bushels of 204 acres. Mrs. Headley had an average of 25 bushels per acre on 160 acres. Chambers Bros. got 18,270 bushels off 650 acres.

Fortile Valley district, G. Rollo, had an average of 25 bushels to the acre on a total crop of 10,000 bushels. E. Brown of Pincher Creek had a yield of 33 bushels on his winter wheat. W. Walker, Miss Walker and John Goberts all had an average yield of 25 bushels; Mr. Fitzpatrick, 23, and Mr. Freibairn, 20. Charles Nelson of Bon Accord, Alberta, had threshed his crop of 6,000 bushels of grain, wheat, oats and barley, from 210 acres of old ground.

Wm. Logan of Bon Accord is reported to have threshed 400 bushels of wheat from 9 acres of new breaking. His oats it is said yielding over 100 bushels to the acre. Robert Martin of Belbeck, Sask., from 100 acres got 3,740 bushels of wheat. Geo. A. Campbell of Caron, Sask., from 180 acres summer fallow got 40 bushels per acre, and from 50 acres stubble got 24 bushels per acre. One of the farmers of Colonay threshed out 88 bushels of wheat per acre from 160 acres summer fallow, and another 23 bushels per acre. James Olsen of Drinker, Sask., had 38½ bushels per acre; 40 acres summer fallow, 31 bushels per acre; 40 acres stubble, 27 bushels per acre; total, 6,680 bushels off 200 acres. Abe Winters of Fleming has 39 bushels of wheat per acre. At Govan, Benjamin Armstrong had 33 bushels to the acre. John Glumlin, 34 bushels; Charles Lattin, 36 bushels. J. K. Taylor, 35 bushels. W. Small, 2,000 bushels on 90 acres. J. F. Moore, 6,500 bushels on 215 acres. J. MacLean, 1,500 bushels on 63 acres. W. Hopwood, 1,750 bushels on 60 acres. W. Gray, 950 bushels on 30 acres. W. Curtis, 850 bushels on 30 acres. John Moyers, Jr., of Grand Coulee, reports 34½ bushels to the acre. P. P. Epp of Langham, Sask., has 35½ bushels per acre. J. Thiesen, 31 bushels per acre. Chris Dear, 25 bushels per acre from 90 acres. Wm. Thiesen, 18½ bushels from 100 acres. P. P. Schultz, 18 bushels per acre from 100 acres. Robt. H. Wiggins of Manor, Sask., had 30 bushels wheat and 75 bushels of oats per acre. Fred Cobb, 30 bushels of wheat and 75 bushels of oats per acre. Jack Robinson, 29 bushels of wheat per acre. Wm. Kadel of Milestone, Sask., had 38 bushels of wheat per acre. R. J. Moore, 40 bushels of wheat per acre. Martin Roddy, 33 bushels of wheat per acre. J. D. Sifton of Moose Jaw had 37 bushels wheat per acre; oats, 50 bushels per acre; flax, 11 bushels to the acre. John L. Smith of New Warren had 35 bushels of wheat per acre. At Regina H. W. Laird had 36 bushels to the acre. W. H. Duncan, wheat, 22 bushels to the acre; flax, 16 bushels; G. M. Bell, wheat, 35 bushels to the acre; oats, 70 bushels; O. E. Rothwell, 26 bushels to the acre; J. McKinnis, wheat, 86 bushels summer fallow; 20 bushels stubble; oats, 30 bushels; J. S. Mooney, 31 bushels of wheat; 60 bushels oats on stubble. At Tessier, Wm. Nesbitt had 44 bushels wheat per acre to the acre. Sep. Latraco, 34 bushels. Thos. Miller, 31 bushels. These were all on summer fallow. Major Bros. stubble went 14. At Tuxford, Sask. C. B. Dunring had 87 bushels. James Bain, 41 bushels summer fallow. Yellow Gras, Wm. Robson, off a half section, had 46 bushels wheat per acre, and 40 bushels off an acre, averaged 37 bushels to the acre. 80 Steer, off a twenty-acre field, three half. M. A. Wilkinson, off 160 His 62 bushels wheat to the acre. Jas. W. Cameron's half section averaged 40. A. R. Cameron's half section D. McRae over 36 bushels to the acre. Novan, who has two fat Cooper got about 40 bushels. W. F. 71 acres; 47 bushels to the acre. 40. John's whole crop went off 100 acres. Murray, 85 per acre off a half. Hockley Bros. 35, 35 per acre of section. W. R. N. Dunn, 39 to the acre. Cathefert Hart, 38 per acre. the acre. S. S. to the acre. A. E. T. Murray, the acre. Mayor Tay-McEwan, 32 to the acre.

Advantages.

"Just have found the arctic X-ray unpleasant."

"circ." replied the arctic explorer.

"It has its advantages. The child is disagreeable, but the people don't always worry you about roots."

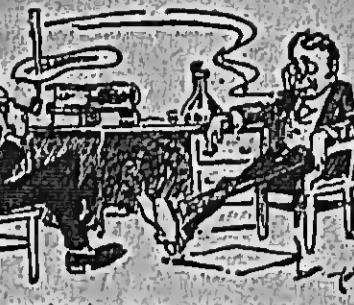
If it's Your Eye Use Pettit's Eye Salve for inflammation, sty, itching lids, eye aches, defects of vision and sensitivity to strong lights. All druggist or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N.Y.

His Light.

Ella—He says that I am the light of his life.

Stella—That's gas.

## NOT UNUSUAL



"I saw a pianist last night who can play with his toes."

"Umph! I've got a kid 18 months old can do that!"

## A BOON TO HUMANITY

If the Curative Virtue of Resinol Was Generally Known It Would Be Used Exclusively for the Cure of All Skin Diseases.

A grateful user writes from England as follows: "Please accept my heartfelt thanks for bringing out Resinol Ointment. Having been a sufferer for the past four years from that dreadful disease, weeping Eczema, I can now heartily recommend this great remedy for it has cured me as nothing else could. My condition was most distressing, nearly everything I ate made me worse. Since I was advised to use Resinol I have gained a new life, so to say. Surely there are thousands of suffering people who ought to know of Resinol Ointment and Soap. I certainly recommend everybody to keep a jar of this salve at hand. Gratefully yours, Leo Carter, Rutland Hall."

Resinol is a skillfully made ointment with almost magical healing and soothing qualities. It is universally recommended for the relief and cure of Eczema, Herpes, Tinea, Barber's Itch, Acne, Eruption

from Poison Ivy, Burns, Sores and abrasions of the skin of any kind.

Itching Piles and other distressing irritations are relieved instantly by applying this salve. Resinol Ointment is sold by druggists everywhere. Resinol Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

One Happy Condition.

"Wireless is a wonderful thing, isn't it? It's going to take the place of everything—telegraph, telephone, thought transference—why, they even transmit newspaper photographs that way."

"Yes, but there's one thing they'll never do with wireless."

"What's that?"

"Wire-pulling."

## DISTEMPER

In all its forms among all ages of horses, as well as dogs, cures and others in same stable probably from having the disease.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE.

Every bottle guaranteed. Over 600,000 bottles sold last year \$5.00 and \$1.00. Any good druggist or send to manufacturers.

Agents wanted. Spohn Medical Co., Spec.

Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

LATEST QUOTATIONS.

"How would you like a game picture for your dining room? A brace of canavashacks, say?"

"No cheap stuff for me. Paint me a picture of a dozen eggs."

The Chicago Fire could have been prevented with one gall of water, but the water was not handy. Keep a bottle of Hamlin's Wizard Oil handy and prevent the fiery pains of inflammation.

And many a man never realizes the value of his home until he has occasion to collect the fire insurance.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothilg Syrup for Children, softens the gums, reduces fever, relieves pain, cures colds, etc.

It is sweet to feel by what threads our affections are gathered.—Sterne.

JUNIOR.

ONLY ONE "BROM". Look for the signature of E. J. BROM. 25c.

without peace with

Peace is an art.

is the best remedy for constipation.

Germ

## RURAL NEWS ITEMS

### MILLBURN

Mrs. A. K. Bain who has been sick is convalescing.

Mrs. Mary Bator is quite ill with neuralgia.

Mr. Hueston of Iowa is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Dawson.

Mrs. John Bonner visited her sister, Mrs. L. M. Bonner, at Russell.

The lecture by James S. Ainslie that was postponed, will be given March 14.

H. D. Hughes and daughter, Mabel of Gurnee, were callers in this vicinity Saturday.

The ladies missionary meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Geo. Jamison, Friday, March 3.

Mrs. Clarence Bonner, who has been a guest of her sister, Mrs. A. K. Bain, has returned to her home at Edgewater.

Mrs. and Mrs. Wm. Thom and sons have gone to Peoria to attend the wed- ding of Mrs. Thom's brother, Ralph Harris.

### LOON LAKE

We have moved to Grayslake last

Ale Loon has moved his family to

Mr. A. Dixon has been very ill

Mrs. Johnson's son is making prepa-

ations to move to Chicago.

The young S. Messing died Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Bryen.

Miss Mabel R. Bryen is spending the week with Mrs. Bryen.

Frank McCarthy Hickory and Wadsworth friends at Sunday.

Miss Mabel Turner Loon Lake and Antioch friends at week.

Mrs. S. H. O'Brien spent Friday with Mrs. Reddick John.

Miss Lillian Turner is visiting home of Misses Georgia and Edna Hook.

Misses Sasic Cangi and Anna Larson visited with Miss Ella Larson Saturday.

Mrs. J. M. Huerer is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. H. S. Message.

### Has Millions of Friends

How would you like to number your friends by millions as Bucklin's Arnica Salve does? Its astounding cures in the past forty years made them. Its the best salve in the world for sores, ulcers, eczema, burns, boils, scalds, cuts, corns, sore eyes, sprains, swellings, bruises, cold sores. Has no equal for piles. 25¢ at J. H. Swan's.



### A. E. TRUMAN

### F. COLLINS

## DON'T

Have your paper hanging done until you have seen

Remien & Kuhnert Co. Wall Paper Samples

### Three Good Reasons Why

- 1st The Patterns are Finest
- 2nd Quality is of the Very Best
- 3rd The Prices most Reasonable

Call Phone Lake Villa 334 and our Agents

**TRUMAN & COLLINS**

Painters Paperhangers Calsominers

AND

Interior Decorators

Will Call and Show You Samples and Give You Figures

R. F. D. No. 1

ANTIOCH, ILL.

## BASED ON FALLACY

### Arguments For Deep Waterway Easy to Controversy

### IT IS A POLITICAL SCHEME

Steamers From Lakes and Ocean Could Not Navigate Mississippi River Even If Improved as Suggested—Existing Facilities Neglected.

By HOWARD H. GROSS.

There are so many angles to this deep waterway question that it is impossible to consider them all except in an article of tiresome length. The people were beguiled into voting \$20,000,000 for this waterway project which was hastily and adroitly sprung upon them. It is hard to find a single argument put forth by the advocates for the channel that does not rest upon fallacy instead of fact.

The thought was to build a deep waterway so lake and ocean steamers might pass from the lakes to the gulf and make Chicago and St. Louis and other channel cities seaports. It was urged that Montreal, a thousand miles inland, was a seaport, and if Montreal, why not Chicago? The promoters failed to remember, or at least did not state, that Montreal is substantially at the sea level with a broad, deep river of nearly uniform flow through a rocky channel, with practically a straight line to the sea; while the Mississippi is exceedingly crooked, an ever-changing stream with a variation of over 40 feet between high and low water, one month a raging torrent sweeping all before it, and later eddy over sand bars in a newly-formed channel in an adjoining township. The currents of the Mississippi are strong, often running from two and a half to five miles at high water. During such times millions of tons of earth and sand, carrying trees and brush wood, are undermined and fall into this swirling torrent and are borne along, finding lodgment here and there and forming islands and sand bars where previously deep water had been. The Mississippi is as crooked as a rani's horn. At places it meanders 15 or 20 miles and then comes back within three or four miles of a given place.

Big Boats Couldn't Use It.

If the river had a channel of ample depth, boats of the lake and ocean type could not use it. Deep water steamers have great speed on a straightway course, but when it comes to making sharp turns, which are necessary in a crooked channel, with a strong current flowing and possibly high winds, they would be absolutely helpless and unmanageable. Everyone who is at all familiar with navigation knows this to be true.

Another Phase of the Problem. "Doubtless the servant girl problem very annoying to you," "Very," responded the housewife, "in a really desperate time getting my clothes won't fit."

If the proposed lakes to the gulf waterway were built, even 30 feet deep, no steamship company operating on the great lakes or ocean would attempt to navigate the channel. The hazard is too great. The matter has been put up to several of them and they all agree that it is not practical and they would not risk their valuable boats in such uncertain and dangerous navigation. If a boat of this type were to run aground, going downstream, it would be unable to release itself. To keep in the channel boats and men would require tugs fore and hence the expense alone expensive transportation far more type of boat railway rates. This side above was a very large broad pressure. A strayed boat would drive it across channel gale.

When these objections were presented to a leading we were present, he replied that of course engineers would take the risk on the river by making cut-offs out of there and would straighten and end on the channel as well. He apparently did not know that this would make matters even worse instead of better. Shortening and straightening the channel would increase the fall and the water would run like a millrace. When this was suggested he stepped again and said a few days might be necessary so as to have more or less slack-water sailing. How dams are to be built on the Mississippi river, where the only solid foundation is overlaid with 40 to 100 feet of mud and ooze, did not occur to him. Mark Twain was entirely right when he said the only way to successfully dam the Mississippi river was by word of mouth.

The statement that if a deep waterway were built it never would or could be used by boats engaged in lake and ocean traffic is a fact that cannot be controverted, avoided or explained away. Why, then, spend millions to create a type of waterway that is not needed and which could not be used in the manner intended? If a 14-foot channel is needed in order to reach salt water, why not use the one that has existed for a generation, but which is practically unused, namely by way of the great lakes, the Welland canal and St. Lawrence river?

The railroads and allied interests control the terminals and the terminals control the business. Is there anyone so simple as to believe that if the waterway were improved as contemplated, and it became a factor in the problem, the railroads would not furnish the boats and monopolize the shipping through the control of terminals? Trust the railroads to look to this. The people should awake.

Not Plymouth Rocks. Concerning the age of eggs, there is likely to be much dispute. Very often it seems as if the only trustworthy authority must be the hen herself. If all raisers of chickens, however, wore as frank as a certain man, householders would have little of which to complain. One Saturday one of his customers asked him if she might have a dozen eggs within the next two or three days.

"Oh, yes, ma'am," replied John. "I'll bring you a dozen fresh ones tomorrow morning."

"No," protested the housewife, "I should not want you to bring them on Sunday—not on Sunday, John."

"Well," replied John, "all right, ma'am, if you say so, but it doesn't make any difference to the hens"—Tilt-Blts.

Clock Keeps Perfect Time.

The most accurate timekeeper in the world is said to be the electric clock in the basement of the Berlin observatory. It is enclosed in an airtight glass cylinder, and has frequently run for periods of two or three months with an average daily deviation of only fifteen one-thousandths of a second. Yet astronomers are not satisfied even with this, and efforts are continually being made to secure ideal conditions for a clock by keeping it not only in an airtight case, but in an underground vault where changes neither of temperature nor of barometric pressure shall ever affect it. —Harper's Weekly.

Generosity of a Famous Actor.

Quin had hardly had Justice rendered to his good works. How refined was the manner in which he forced upon penniless Thomson a hundred pounds! It was a debt, he said, which he owed the poet for the pleasure he had experienced in reading his poems. What generous humor in his reply to half-starved Winston, who timidly asked, under the impulse of hunger, what he should do for a little ready money for the next few days. "Nay," exclaimed Quin, "If you are in want of money, you must put your hand in your own pocket!" And when Winston did so, after Quin had left, he found a ten-pound note, which Quin had placed there.—From "Saints of the Stage," in Cornhill Magazine.

Advance of Colored Race. Since emancipation the negro's knowledge of reading and writing has increased by 55 per cent.

Kentucky the Tobacco State. Kentucky produces more tobacco than any other state in the Union.

### NIETZSCHE'S VIEW OF WOMAN

Everything in Her is a Riddle, and She is Man's Most Dangerous Plaything.

Nietzsche, the German philosopher, has little to say of women. In his philosophy there is to be no overwoman. "Everything in woman is a riddle," he says. And again, "The true man wants two different things—danger and diversion. He therefore wants a woman as the most dangerous plaything." In his Wagner book, he puts women in a strange category, "In the theater," he declares, "one becomes mob, herd, woman, Pharisee, voting animal, patron, idiot, Wagnerian." "As yet," he says, in Zarathustra, "women are incapable of friend-ship."

"In a woman's love," Nietzsche says, "there is unfairness and blindness to all she does not love. And even in woman's enlightened love there are still outbreaks and lightnings." In his Wagner book, he says: "Woman would like to believe that love can do all. It is a superstition peculiar to herself. Alas! he who knows the heart finds out how poor, helpless, pretentious and liable to error even the best, the deepest love is; how it either destroys that says—Forum."

The Ignoble George IV.

Then there was the precious regent. What a creature! Good men and bad men unite in saying that he was absolutely without a virtue; the shrewd, calculating Greveille described him in words that burn; the great duke, his chief subject, uses language of dry scorn. "The king could only act the part of a gentleman for ten minutes at a time," and we find the commonest satellites of the court despised the wicked rascal who wore the crown of England. Faithless to woman, faithless to men, a coward, a liar, a mean and groveling cheat, George IV. nevertheless clung to a belief in his own virtues; and, if we study the account of his farcical progress through Scotland, we find that he imagined himself to be a useful and genuinely kindly personage. No man, except, perhaps, Philippe Egalite, was ever so contemptible and hated; and, until his death he imagined himself to be a good man.—Runciman, "Sidelights."

Schumann's Tribute to Schubert. It will be years, perhaps, before the symphony is firmly established in Germany; but there is no danger that it will be forgotten or neglected; it bears in "self the germ of eternal youth."

Immolation to the Dead. It was an ancient American that immolation to the dead was carried to its greatest extent. In Mexico every great man's chaplain was slain that he might perform for him and prepare the house for their master. By the Mexicans the number of the victims was proportioned to the grandeur of the funeral, and amounted sometimes, as several historians affirm, to two hundred. In Peru, when an Inca died his attendants and favorites, amounting sometimes, it is said, to a thousand, were immolated on his tomb."

Worth More Than Gold.

Carlyle once told a man who was financially interested in gold mining that all the gold produced by California was not worth one good meal, bread, and Carlyle is not the only one who says so—there are others, for nothing is better and more substantial than a piping hot dish of good old pork and beans, moreover, in these frost-covered crimped mornings. A man might live on beans, and enjoy life, if he has desire and stick-to-itiveness, that element which is the foundation of all success, but not. He will wobble and vacillate between baled splash and other costly foods, none of which hold a candle to beans when it comes to a show-down for sustaining quality.

How Carlyle Kept Warm.

Sir Francis Galton met Carlyle twice. On the first occasion, he says, Carlyle surprised him by his unexpectedly courteous, even polished, manner; but he became more like his ordinary self later on. On the second occasion he seemed to me the greatest hero that a country house could tolerate." But Carlyle amused him by gravely hopping up and down in order to keep warm. Galton was the only man who ever got Herbert Spencer to the Dorby. Spencer said that the crowd of men on the grass looked like flies on a plate and that the Derby was just like what he expected it to be.

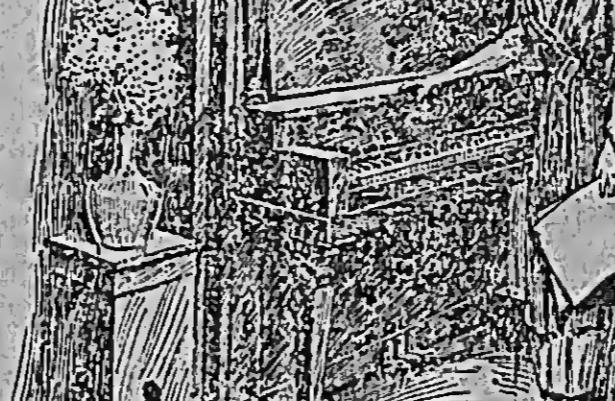
Use for Egg Shells. Egg shells, instead of being thrown away, should be dried in the oven and kept for cleaning bottles.

Needs It in His Business. A liar should have a good memory. Quintilian.

## Lyon & Healy's Annual Clearing Sale of PIANOS

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Something to Interest Every Purchaser



this advertisement is little more than an index to the present offering.

In order to take good care of the hundreds who will avail themselves of this remarkable opportunity we have an especially effective corps of piano salesmen. Come in the morning if you can—it is less crowded then—but at whatever hour you come you will find us ready to enter into the spirit of our quest and to aid you in making a splendid selection.

### Steinway Pianos

leath \$365 upwards. This collection includes some very fine WAY reed instruments. ASTEINWEINER, but a NO which has been rented very period is often only at this sale. Then there are in which have STEINWAY Uprights. Grand to taken to exchange have been used. Some of these both Grands only a trifle. In offer a number of uprights we also that have had col STEINWAYS which have been prizable use, but first-class order, in absolutely and which are guaranteed exactly same as new.

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The new scale LYON & HEALY PIANO at its regular established price of \$350 and upwards, is generally conceded to be the most remarkable piano value of the present day.

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For \$100 you can obtain an instrument of this description which will give you years of good, honest service.

### Krakauer Pianos

From \$265 upwards. These beautiful instruments and other splendid well-known makes are represented in this sale by slightly-used instruments, and of the other makes there are also entirely new instruments of patterns which differ slightly from the forthcoming catalog designs. Many beautiful models are shown both in Mahogany and the new shade of Oak.

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Hundreds of uprights taken in exchange during the holiday rush are now coming thru our factory after having been placed in first-class condition. Defective parts have been replaced by new material and the cases of the instruments have been polished so that their former owners would hardly recognize them. For \$100 you can obtain an instrument of this description which will give you years of good, honest service.

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